

Uninterruptible Power Supply

200 kVA - 300 kVA

Installation Manual

164201037 Rev. D

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Instructions Importantes Concernant La Sécurité

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Conserver Ces Instructions

This manual contains important instructions for your Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) system. You should follow these instructions during the installation and maintenance of the UPS, options, accessories, and batteries.

Cette notice contient des instructions importantes concernant la sécurité.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

WARNING:

This is a product for restricted sales distribution to informed partners. Installation restrictions or additional measures may be needed to prevent disturbances.

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Introduction

This manual describes how to install your Powerware® 9315
Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) system. It contains instructions for installing the UPS and each optional component and accessory. The information you will use depends on the system you purchased.

Each component of your UPS system is housed in a free-standing cabinet. The cabinets line up and match in style and color, and have safety shields behind the doors for hazardous voltage protection. Figure 1 shows a typical UPS system that includes at least one of each component.

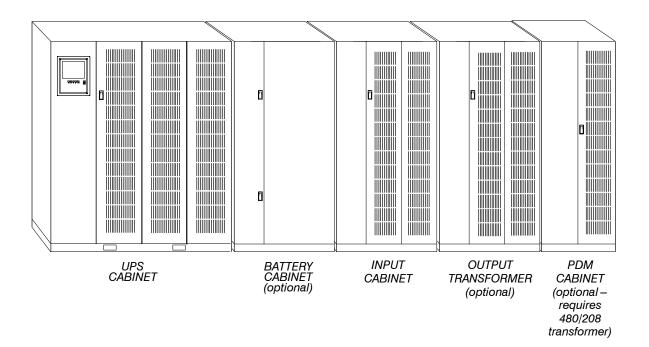


Figure 1. Typical UPS System

These basic UPS system configurations are possible:

- The UPS and one or more battery cabinets
- The UPS, battery cabinet(s), and a Power Distribution Module (PDM)
- The UPS, battery cabinet(s), and an input transformer
- The UPS, battery cabinet(s), PDM, and input transformer
- The UPS, battery cabinet(s), an input transformer and an output transformer
- The UPS, battery cabinet(s), PDM, an input transformer and an output transformer.

You can enhance any of these system configurations by adding optional accessories, such as a Remote Monitor Panel (RMP), Relay Interface Module (RIM), Remote Emergency Power Off (EPO) control, or System Load Sync Control (requires 2 separate UPS modules).

Using This Manual

The system you are installing dictates which parts of this manual you should read. Everyone should read Chapters 1 through 3:

- Chapter 1 discusses installation considerations for your entire UPS system.
- Chapter 2 tells you how to prepare your site for the installation of your UPS system. It discusses equipment environmental requirements, inspecting, and unpacking cabinets.
- Chapter 3 describes how to install the UPS cabinet.
- Chapter 4 contains safety instructions and general notes for installation of the UPS manufacturer's optional battery cabinets.
- Chapter 5 contains information for installing the optional transformer cabinets.
- Chapter 6 contains information for installing the optional Power Distribution Module (PDM).
- Chapter 7 discusses installing the optional Remote Emergency Power Off (EPO) control.
- Chapter 8 contains information for installing the optional remote battery disconnect.
- Chapter 9 contains information for installing the optional Remote Monitor Panel (RMP).
- Chapter 10 contains information for installing the optional Relay Interface Module (RIM).
- Chapter 11 contains information for installing the optional Supervisory Contact Module (SCM).
- Appendix A contains important information for planning and installing your UPS system, including illustrations of cabinets and optional accessories.

Read through each installation procedure before you begin. Perform only those procedures that apply to the UPS system you are installing.

Conventions Used in This Manual

The text in this manual uses these conventions:

- **Bold type** highlights important concepts in discussions, key terms in procedures, and menu options.
- Italic type highlights notes and new terms where they are defined.
- Rectangular boxes containing bold type are warnings or cautions that pertain to the UPS system or its electrical connections.

In this manual, the term *UPS* refers only to the UPS cabinet and its internal elements. The term *UPS* system refers to the entire power protection system—the UPS cabinet plus any options or accessories you have installed.

For More Information

This manual describes how to install your UPS system. For more information about the operation and communications capabilities of the UPS system, refer to the following:

164201036 Powerware® 9315 200 – 300 kVA UPS Operation

Describes the UPS cabinet Control Panel and Monitor Panel, and explains the functions of the UPS; discusses the standard features of the UPS and optional accessories; provides procedures for starting and stopping the UPS, and information about maintenance and responding to system events.

Also described are the RS-485 and RS-232 serial communications capabilities of the UPS system; discusses the two communications ports on the Customer Interface Panel inside the UPS and how to connect optional remote accessories to your UPS system; provides information about enabling, disabling, and customizing building alarms.

Contact your local Field Service office for information on how to obtain copies of this manual.

Getting Help

If you have a question about any of the information in this manual, or if you have a question this manual does not answer, please call Powerware Corporation Field Service:

United States 1-800-843-9433 Canada 1-800-461-9166

Outside the U.S. Call your local representative

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Getting Started

Each cabinet of your UPS system is shipped on a separate pallet. Use a forklift or pallet jack to move the packaged cabinets to the installation site, or as close as possible to the site, before you unload them from the pallets.

This is the basic sequence of the installation steps:

- 1. Prepare your site for the UPS cabinet (Chapter 2).
- 2. Inspect, unpack, and unload the UPS cabinets (Chapter 2).
- 3. Create an installation plan for the UPS and optional cabinets (Chapter 3).
- **4.** Wire the cabinets together (Chapters 4–11, as applicable).
- **5.** Install features, accessories, and/or options (Chapters 4–11, as applicable).
- **6.** Complete the Installation Checklist (Chapter 3).
- 7. Have authorized service personnel perform preliminary checks and startup.

After wiring the UPS system to the facility power and critical load(s), be sure to ground the system according to local and/or national electrical wiring codes, using your own cabling and conduit.

Install batteries in accordance with all applicable codes and regulations, including the National Electrical Code (NEC), Article 480.

NOTE: Startup and operational checks should be performed only by authorized service personnel. This service is usually offered as part of the sales contract for your UPS system.

Preparing Your Site

For your UPS system to operate at peak efficiency, your installation site should meet the environmental parameters outlined in the operator's manual for the UPS. If you intend to operate the UPS at an altitude higher than 1500 meters (5000 feet), contact your local sales or service office for important information about high altitude operation. The operating environment must meet the size and weight requirements shown in Table J of Appendix A.

The basic environmental requirements for operation of the UPS system are:

Ambient Temperature Range: 0-40° C (32-104° F)

Recommended Operating Range: 20-25° C (68-77° F)

Maximum Relative Humidity: 95%

The UPS cabinet uses forced air cooling to regulate internal component temperature. The battery and optional component cabinets use convection cooling to regulate internal component temperature. Air inlets are in the front of the cabinet, and outlets are in the top. You must allow clearance in front of and above each cabinet for proper air circulation.

Environment Considerations

The life of the UPS system will be adversely affected if the installation does not meet the following guidelines:

- 1. The UPS system must be installed on a sealed concrete pad on a sealed concrete floor.
- 2. The UPS system must be installed in a temperature-controlled indoor area free of conductive contaminants.

Preparing for Wiring the UPS System

For external wiring requirements, including the minimum AWG size of external wiring, see Tables A through C in Appendix A. The power wiring connections for this equipment are rated at 75°C. If wire is run in an ambient temperature greater than 30°C, higher temperature and/or larger size wire may be necessary. Wiring for optional accessories (such as a Remote Monitor Panel (RMP) or Relay Interface Module (RIM)) should be installed through the 28.6 mm (1.1 in.) knockout in the bottom of the UPS cabinet. The top entry connection requires installation of ½-in. flexible conduit within the UPS. Bottom entry connection requires no additional routing of conduit within the UPS.

Inspecting and Unpacking Each Cabinet

The first task in preparing for installation is inspecting and unpacking each cabinet. Cabinets arrive covered with protective packaging material as shown in Figure 2.

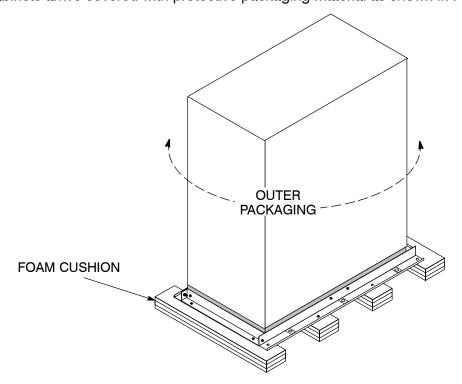


Figure 2. Cabinet as Shipped, with Outer Packaging and Pallet

1. Carefully inspect the outer packaging for evidence of damage during transit.

CAUTION:

Do not install a damaged cabinet. Report any damage to the carrier and contact your local sales or service office immediately.

2. Use a forklift or other material handling equipment to move the cabinet to a convenient unpacking area. Insert the forklift jacks between the foam cushions on the bottom of the unit.

CAUTION:

Do not tilt cabinets more than 10 degrees from vertical.

- **3.** Set each pallet on a firm, level surface, allowing a minimum clearance of 4.6m (15 ft) on each side for removing the cabinets from the pallets.
- 4. Cut the steel bands around each cabinet.
- **5.** Remove the protective cardboard covering from the cabinets, cutting where indicated, using a knife blade no longer than 25 mm (1 in.).
- **6.** Remove the plastic bag and foam packing material, and discard or recycle them in a responsible manner.

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Installing the UPS



WARNING:

Installation should be performed by qualified personnel.

Refer to the following while installing the UPS:

- Dimensions in this manual are in millimeters and inches.
- Do not tilt the UPS or other cabinets more than $\pm 10^{\circ}$ during installation.
- Cooling exhaust airflow is approximately 1420 L/S (3000 CFM).
- The conduit landing plates are to be removed to add conduit landing holes as required. Plate material is 16 gauge steel (0.06 in. thick).
- Terminals E1–E15 are UL and CSA rated at 90°C. A hex key tool is required to attach wires to the terminals.
- The Remote Emergency Power Off (EPO) feature opens all breakers and contactors in the UPS cabinet and isolates power from your critical load. Local electrical codes may also require tripping upstream protective devices to the UPS.
- UPS cabinet must be installed on a level, sealed concrete pad or floor.
- If perforated floor tiles are required for ventilation, place them in front of the UPS. Refer to Table J in Appendix A for equipment weight and point loading.
- Details about control wiring are provided in each procedure for connecting options and features. Table M in Appendix A identifies the control wiring terminations.

Installing the UPS Cabinet

Refer to Figure 4 when installing the UPS cabinet. The UPS cabinet is bolted to a sheet metal pallet consisting of four supports secured to foam cushions. The foam cushions act as shock absorbers for the cabinet during shipment and movement to the installed location.

WARNING:

UPS cabinets are extremely heavy. If unloading instructions are not closely followed, the cabinet may tip and cause serious injury.

NOTE: UPS cabinet base is equipped with forklift slots to accommodate lifting and moving the equipment. The forklift slots are located on all four sides of the cabinet base to meet individual needs. The wireway section on the right side of the UPS cabinet (as seen from the front) must be removed to gain access to the fork lift slots. See Figure 3.

- 1. Move UPS to final installed location using forklift jacks between foam cushions on the bottom of the unit.
- 2. Remove hardware labeled "1" and "2" and the sheet metal support on the desired face of the unit base to expose the forklift slots.
- **3.** Loosen, but do not remove the hardware holding the foam cushions to the other sheet metal supports (labeled "1" in Figure 4).

CAUTION:

Lift only at forklift openings or cabinet damage may occur.

- **4.** Insert the forklift jacks in the forklift slots and raise the UPS cabinet until the foam cushions clear the floor by approximately 3 mm (1/8 in.).
- **5.** After the foam cushions clear the floor, remove the hardware loosened in step 3. Pull the foam cushions from under the UPS cabinet. Discard or recycle them in a responsible manner.

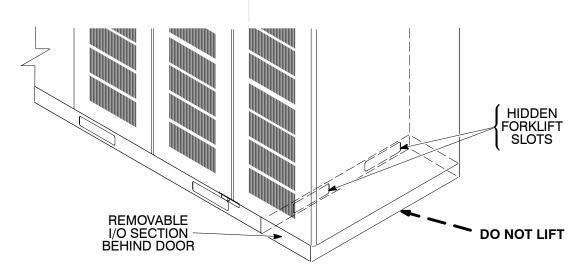


Figure 3. Removable I/O Section

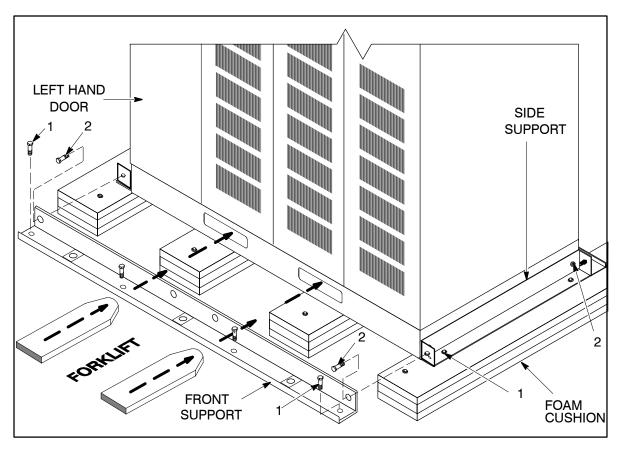


Figure 4. Removing Front and Rear Supports

WARNING:

Cabinet may fall. Do not loosen hardware attaching the side or front supports to the cabinet base. Also, do not loosen supports from each other. The cabinet must be lowered using jacking bolts before supports can be removed.

- **6.** Carefully <u>lower the cabinet</u> until the UPS cabinet base contacts the floor.
- **7.** Remove the hardware labeled "2" in Figure 4, holding the front, rear and side supports to the cabinet base. Discard or recycle the hardware and support brackets in a responsible manner.
- **8.** Repeat steps 1 through 7 for each cabinet you are preparing to install.

Prepare for Installing Optional Cabinets or Accessories

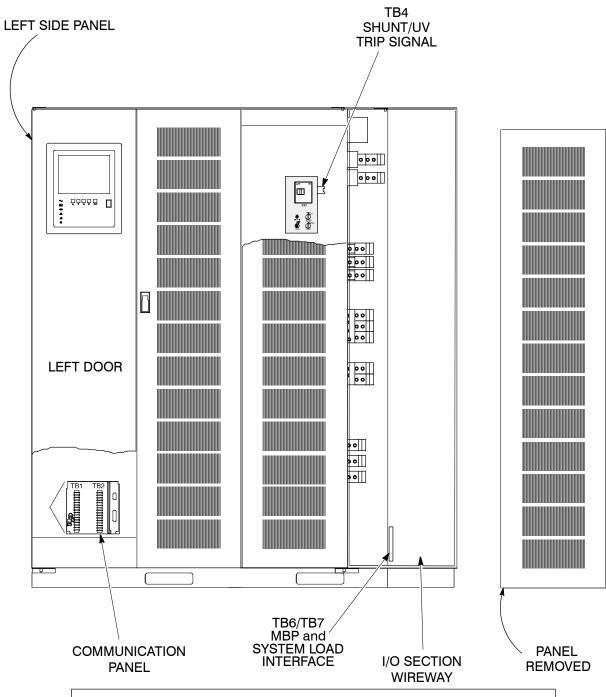
If you are installing optional cabinets or accessories, such as a Power Distribution Module (PDM) cabinet, an input transformer cabinet an output transformer cabinet, or a Remote Monitor Panel (RMP), you must install conduit between each device and the UPS cabinet for wiring these options. Refer to Figure 5 for the locations of the interface points within the UPS cabinet. Also, refer to *Powerware 9315 Series 685 and 1085 Auxiliary Battery Cabinets Installation* Manual, 164200300, for information on installing battery cabinets.

To prepare the UPS for wiring to an Input Transformer, Output Transformer, Power Distribution Module (PDM), or all:

- 1. Be sure the UPS is turned off and all power sources are removed. (See the operator's manual for instructions.)
- 2. Open the doors of the UPS.
- **3.** Remove stationary right side door and set it aside for later reuse.
- 4. Remove the air filters and set aside for later reuse.
- **5.** Remove the lower metal access panel. Set the access panel and hardware aside for later reuse.

To prepare the UPS for wiring to an RMP, RIM, SCM, or Remote EPO:

- **1.** Be sure the UPS is turned off and all power sources are removed. (See the operator's manual for instructions.)
- 2. Open the doors of the UPS.
- 3. Remove the air filters and set aside for later reuse.
- **4.** Remove the lower metal access panel. Set the access panel and hardware aside for later reuse.



NOTE: A bypass neutral feeder must be supplied when the output neutral is used. If no bypass neutral is supplied, the output neutral is to be bonded to ground through a minimum 3/0 copper conducter.

Figure 5. Preparing the UPS for Installation

Completing the Installation Checklist

The final step in installing your UPS system is completing the following Installation Checklist. This checklist ensures that you have completely installed all hardware, cables, and other equipment. Completing all items listed on the checklist will ensure a smooth installation. You should make a copy of the Installation Checklist before filling it out, and retain the original.

After your installation is complete, a service representative will be able to verify the operation of your UPS system and commission it to support your critical load. The service representative cannot perform any installation tasks other than verifying software and operating setup parameters. Service personnel may request a copy of the completed Installation Checklist to be sure you have completed all applicable equipment installation.

NOTE: The Installation Checklist MUST be completed prior to starting the UPS system for the first time.

Installation Checklist

All packing materials and restraints have been removed from each cabinet.
Each cabinet in the UPS system is placed in its installed location.
A ground bond is installed between any cabinets that are bolted together.
All switchboards, conduits, and cables are properly routed to the UPS and auxiliary cabinets.
All power cables are properly terminated.
A ground conductor is properly installed.
☐ If neutral connection is used, no other N−G bonds exist downstream from the UPS.
Battery cables and harness are terminated on E4 and E5.
Internal battery cabinet connections have been completed (bus bars, plugs, etc.).
Shunt trip signal wiring is connected from UPS to battery breaker(s).
Air conditioning equipment is installed and operating correctly.
The area around the installed UPS system is clean and dust-free. (It is recommended that the UPS be installed on a sealed concrete pad on a sealed concrete floor.)
Adequate workspace exists around the UPS and other cabinets.
Adequate lighting is provided around all UPS equipment.
A 120V service outlet is located within 25 feet of the UPS equipment.
☐ Each Remote Monitor Panel (RMP) is mounted in its installed location. (OPTIONAL)
The control wiring for each RMP is terminated inside the UPS cabinet. (OPTIONAL)
The Remote Emergency Power Off (EPO) device is mounted in its installed location and its wiring terminated inside the UPS cabinet. (OPTIONAL)
Summary alarms and/or building alarms are wired appropriately. (OPTIONAL)
A Relay Interface Module (RIM) is mounted in its installed location and its wiring is terminated inside the UPS cabinet. (OPTIONAL)
A remote battery disconnect control is mounted in its installed location and its wiring is terminated inside the UPS and battery cabinet. (OPTIONAL)
System Load Sync Control is mounted in its installation location and wired appropriately. (OPTIONAL)
Maintenance Bypass is mounted in place and wired appropriately. (OPTIONAL)

Notes		



This chapter describes installing the UPS manufacturer's battery cabinets.

If you are installing battery cabinets and remote disconnects provided by Powerware Corporation, refer to the *Powerware 9315 Series 685 and 1085 Auxiliary Battery Cabinets Installation* Manual, 164200300, for instructions.

One Model is Available

• Series 1085 (1085 mm wide cabinet)

Important Safety Instructions

The installation of battery cabinets should be performed or supervised by personnel knowledgeable of batteries and their associated precautions. Keep unauthorized personnel away from battery cabinets.

Observe these precautions when working on or around battery cabinets:

- Remove watches, rings, or other metal objects.
- Use tools with insulated handles.
- Wear rubber gloves and boots.
- Do not lay tools or metal parts on top of batteries or battery cabinets.
- Disconnect the charging source prior to connecting or disconnecting terminals.
- Determine if the battery is inadvertently grounded. If it is, remove the source of the ground. Contact with any part of a grounded battery can result in electrical shock. The likelihood of such shock will be reduced if such grounds are removed during installation and maintenance.
- When replacing batteries, use the same number of sealed, lead-acid batteries.
- Proper disposal of batteries is required. Refer to your local codes for disposal requirements.

WARNING:

Do not dispose of battery or batteries in a fire. The battery may explode.

Do not open or mutilate the battery or batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the skin and eyes, and may be toxic.

A battery can cause electrical shock, burn from high short-circuit current, or fire. Take proper precautions when working with batteries.

ATTENTION:

Une batterie peut prêsenter un risque de choc êlectrique, de brulure, ou d'incendie. Suivre les précautions qui s'imposent.

- Pour le remplacement, utiliser le même nombre et modéle des batteries.
- L'élimination des batteries est règlementée. Consulter les codes locaux à cet effet.

General Notes About Installing Battery Cabinets and Remote Disconnects

- 1. There is no DC disconnect device within the UPS.
- 2. The DC input to the UPS is protected by internal fuses F21, F22.
- **3.** The UPS DC disconnect trip signal from TB4, points 1 and 2 (shunt trip) or TB4, points 1 and 3 (UV trip) must be connected to the DC source disconnect device(s).
- **4.** If you are installing battery cabinets not provided by Powerware Corporation, refer to the battery cabinet manufacturer's operating manual for instructions on battery cabinet installation and maintenance.



Installing Input and Output Transformers

Before installing optional input and output transformers, be sure you have prepared the UPS according to the instructions in Chapter 3. The input and output transformer cabinets arrive as shown in Figures 6 through 8. See Drawing 164201037–7 in Appendix A for cabinet dimensions.

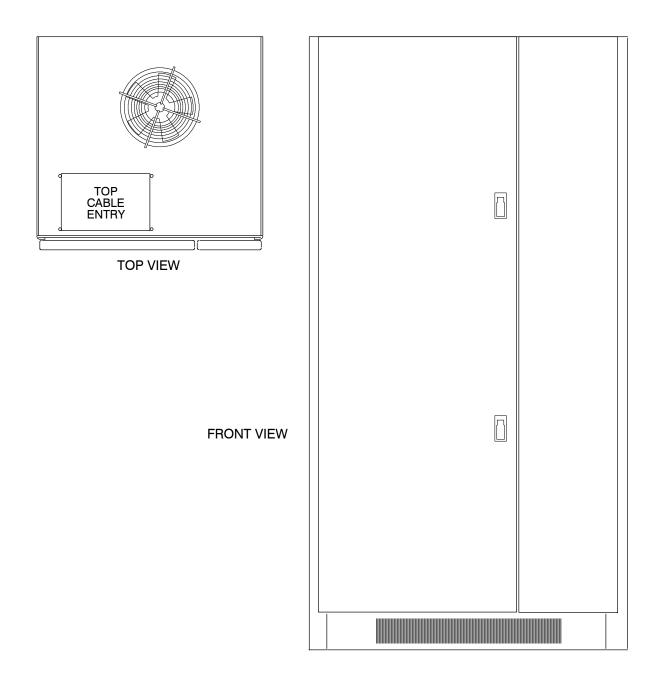
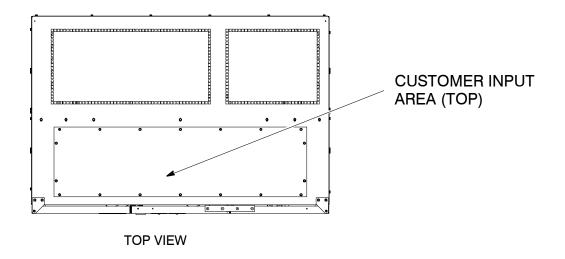


Figure 6. Input Transformer Cabinet



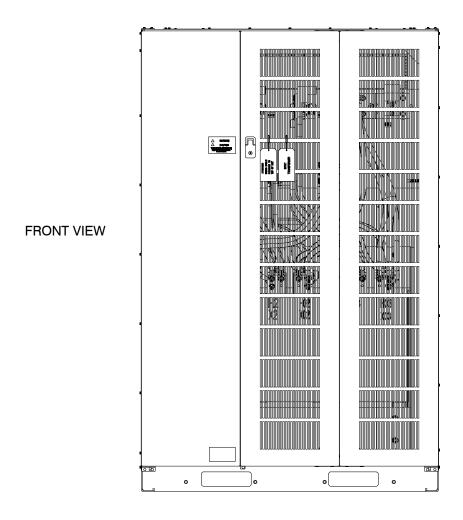
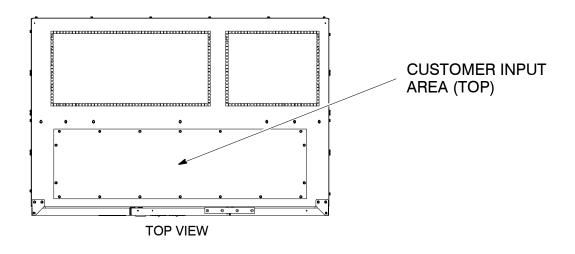


Figure 7. Input Transformer Cabinet (208/480)



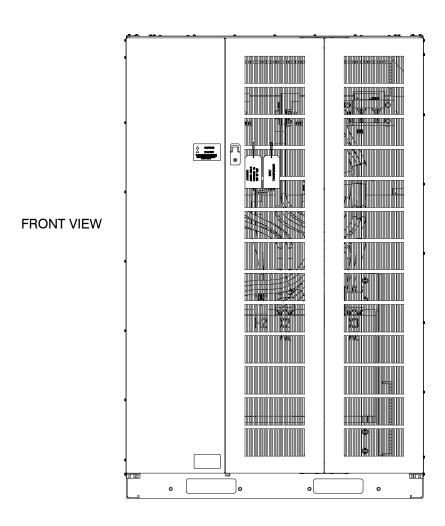


Figure 8. Output Transformer Cabinet (480/208)

To prepare the input and output transformer cabinets for wiring to the UPS:

- **1.** Install the UPS into its final operating position.
- 2. Install the input and output transformer cabinets into their final operating positions and secure.
- **3.** Attach a ground conductor from the input and output transformer cabinets to closest ground bus.

To wire the input transformer cabinet (single feed):

NOTE: Refer to drawing 164201037 – 1, Tables A through E, in Appendix A for wiring information.

- 1. Install wiring from utility to transformer cabinet using conduit through cable entry panel in top of cabinet.
- 2. Install wiring from input transformer cabinet to UPS cabinet using conduit through the cable entry panels in either the top or bottom of the UPS.
- **3.** Connect the cables as shown in Table A. Refer to Figure 9 or 10 for location of connection points within the cabinets.

Table A. Input Transformer Connection Points (Single Feed)					
Connecti	Connection Point in Transformer Cabinet Connection point				
Phase	Input	Output	in UPS		
Ø A	E23	E26	E1		
Ø B	E24	E27	E2		
Ø C	E25	E28	E3		
Neutral	E22	E29	E12		

4. Close the UPS cabinet doors and the input transformer cabinet door.

To wire the input transformer cabinets (dual feed):

NOTE: Refer to drawing 164201037 – 1, Tabes A through E, in Appendix A for wiring information.

- 1. Install wiring from utility to input cabinets using conduit through cable entry panel in the top of cabinets.
- 2. Install wiring from input cabinets to UPS cabinet using conduit through the cable entry panels in the top of the UPS.
- **3.** Connect the cables as shown in Tables B and C. Refer to Figure 10 for location of connection points within the cabinets.
- **4.** Close the rectifier input transformer cabinet doors and the bypass input transformer cabinet doors.

Table B. Rectifier Input Transformer Connection Points (Dual Feed)					
Connection Point in Transformer Cabinet Connection point					
Phase	Input	Output	in UPS		
Ø A	E23	E26	E1		
Ø B	E24	E27	E2		
Ø C	E25	E28	E3		
Neutral	E22	E29	E12		

Table C. Bypass Input Transformer Connection Points (Dual Feed)				
Connection Point in Transformer Cabinet Connection p				
Phase	Input	Output	in UPS	
Ø A	E23	E26	E6	
Ø B	E24	E27	E7	
Ø C	E25	E28	E8	
Neutral	E22	E29	E12	

To wire the output transformer cabinet:

NOTE: Refer to drawing 164201037 – 1, Tables B, D, and E in Appendix A for wiring information.

- 1. Install wiring from UPS cabinet to transformer cabinet using conduit through cable entry panel in the top of cabinet.
- 2. Install wiring from input transformer cabinet to UPS cabinet using conduit through the cable entry panels in the top of the UPS.
- **3.** Connect the cables as shown in Table D. Refer to Figure 11 for location of connection points within the transformer cabinets.

Table D. Output Transformer Connection Points				
Connection	Connection Point in Transformer Cabinet Connection point			
Phase	Input	Output	in UPS	
Ø A	E23	E26	E9	
Ø B	E24	E27	E10	
Ø C	E25	E28	E11	
Neutral	E29	E29	E12	

4. Close the UPS cabinet doors and the output transformer cabinet door.

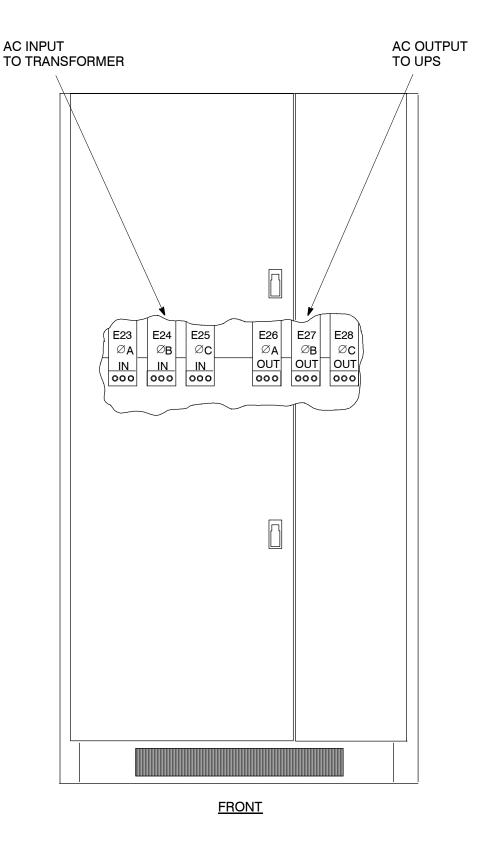
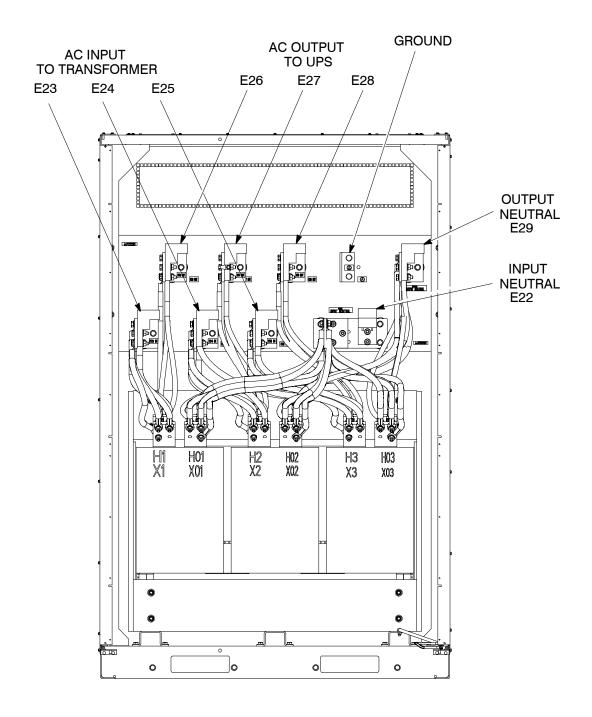
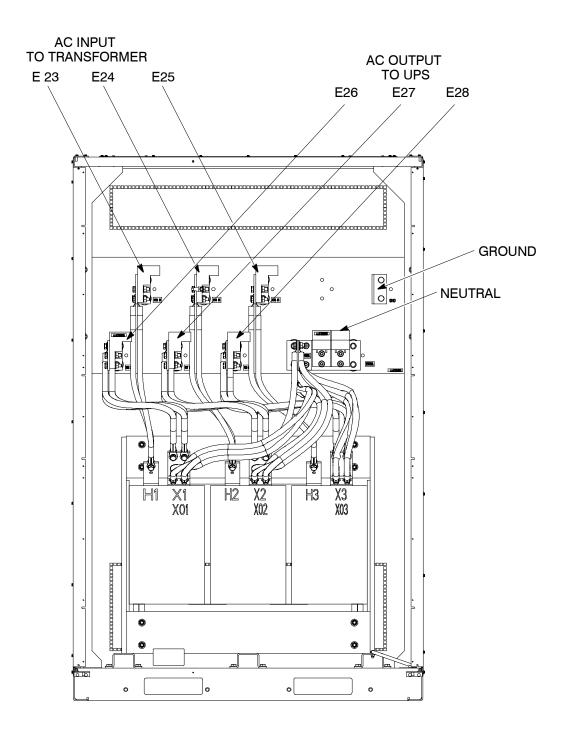


Figure 9. Installing an Input Transformer Cabinet



FRONT

Figure 10. Installing a 208/480 VAC Input Transformer Cabinet



FRONT

Figure 11. Installing a 480/208 VAC Output Transformer Cabinet

Installing a Power Distribution Module

The Power Distribution Module (PDM) cabinet contains one or two interface panels, each containing 42 poles for breaker switches you can assign to meet the needs of your facility. Each panel is controlled by one 225 amp feeder breaker. The PDM cabinet arrives as shown in Figure 12 and Drawing 164201037—8 in Appendix A. Before installing the PDM, be sure you have prepared the UPS according to the instructions in Chapter 3. Refer to Powerware Power Distribution Module Installation and Operation Manual 164201061 for PDM installation and operation.

NOTE: This option requires an UPS with a 208 VACoutput.

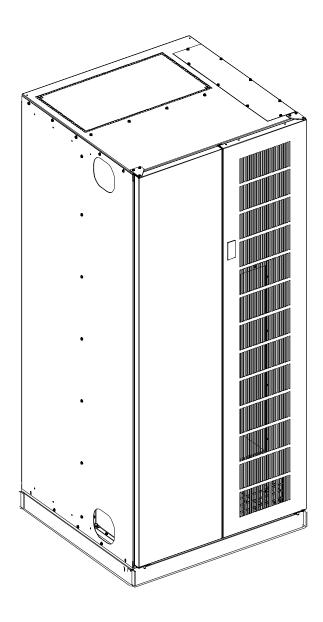


Figure 12. Typical PDM Cabinet

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Installing a Remote EPO Control

The Remote EPO control arrives as shown in Figure 13. See Drawing 164201037–10 in Appendix A for enclosure dimensions, side views, and knockout patterns.

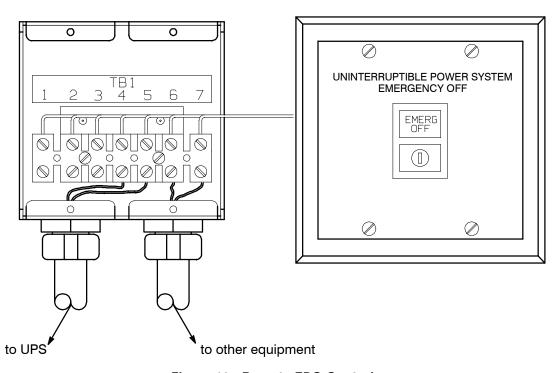
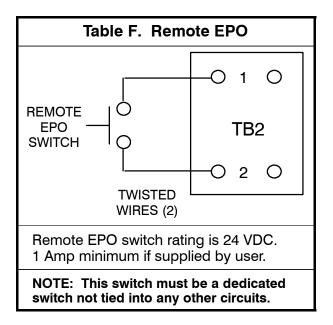


Figure 13. Remote EPO Control

To install a Remote EPO control:

- **1.** Securely mount the Remote EPO station. Recommended locations include operator's consoles or exit doors.
- 2. Install wiring from the Remote EPO station using ½-in. conduit through the cable entry panels in either the top or bottom of the UPS.
- **3.** Connect the Remote EPO wiring as shown in Tables E and F:

Table E. Remote EPO Wire Terminations				
From Remote EPO Station(s)	To Communications Panel in UPS	Remarks		
TB1-4	TB2-1	Twisted wires (2)		
TB1-5	TB2-2	14–18 gauge ´		



- **4.** If you are installing multiple Remote EPO stations, wire additional stations in parallel with the first Remote EPO.
- **5.** If required, install ½-in. conduit and wiring from the Remote EPO station to trip circuitry of upstream protective devices. A normally open contact is provided, as shown in Table F. Remote EPO switch wiring must be in accordance with UL Class II requirements.
- **6.** Secure the UPS by reversing all steps taken to prepare it for Remote EPO installation.

Installing a Remote Battery Disconnect

The remote battery disconnect is crated separately for shipping. The enclosure is designed to be wall-mounted on a surface that can support the weight and bolt pattern. You can install a remote battery disconnect anywhere between the remote DC supply and the UPS, according to national and local codes. Figure 14 shows the remote battery disconnect enclosure.

Refer to Chapter 5 of the *Powerware 9315 Series 685 and 1085 Auxiliary Battery Cabinets Installation* Manual, 164200300, for detailed instructions on installing a remote battery disconnect.

Installation Notes:

- 1. There is no DC disconnect device within the UPS.
- 2. The DC input to the UPS is protected by internal fuses F21 and F22.
- **3.** The UPS DC disconnect trip signal from TB4, points 1 and 2 (shunt trip) or TB4, points 1 and 3 (UV trip) must be connected to the DC source disconnect device(s).
- **4.** Refer to Appendix A, Table P on drawing 164201037—1, for specific ratings and wiring requirements.

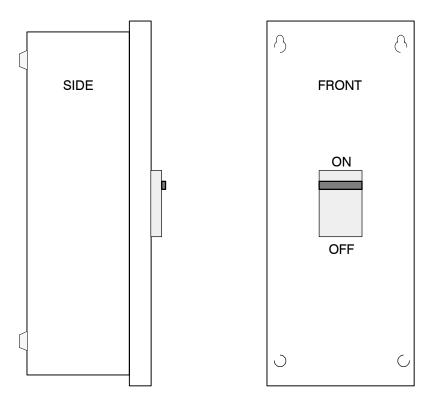


Figure 14. Remote Battery Disconnect Enclosure

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Installing a Remote Monitor Panel

As an option, you can install Remote Monitor Panels (RMPs) to monitor the operation of the UPS system from virtually any location within your facility, up to 500 feet from the UPS. You can flush-mount or surface-mount an RMP on a desktop or on a wall, wherever you have a serial interface line. A maximum of two monitoring accessories (RMPs, RIMs, or SCMs) can be installed. See Table G for the number of accessories permitted. Figure 15 shows an RMP. Drawing 164201037—11 in Appendix A shows the enclosure dimensions and knockout patterns.

Table G. Optional Monitoring Accessories				
Numb	per and Type of Accessori	es Permitted		
Remote Monitor Panel	Relay Interface Panel	Supervisory Contact Module		
2	_	_		
_	2	_		
_	2			
1	1	_		
1	_	1		
_	1	1		

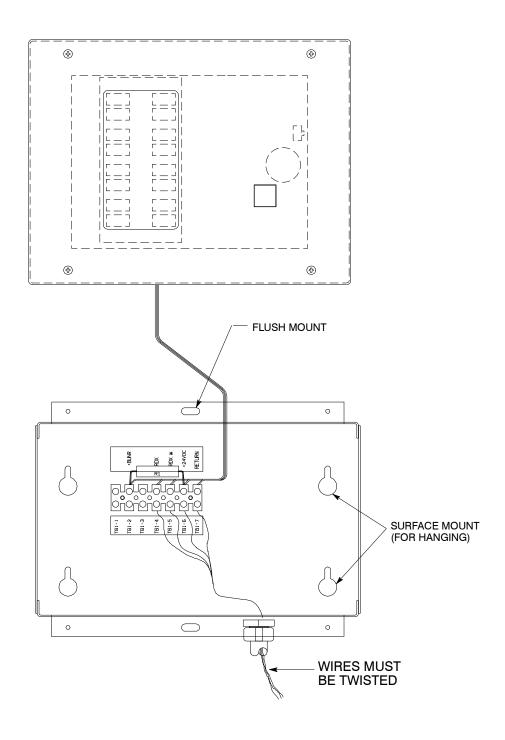


Figure 15. Remote Monitor Panel (RMP)

Before installing an RMP, be sure you have prepared the UPS according to the instructions in Chapter 3.

To install an RMP:

- **1.** Securely mount the RMP(s).
- 2. Install wiring from the RMP using ½-in. conduit through the cable entry panels in either the top or bottom of the UPS cabinet.

The top entry connection requires installation of ½-in. flexible conduit within the UPS. Bottom entry connection requires no additional routing of conduit within the UPS.

3. In the spare parts kit, locate the RMP adapter cable assembly (see Figure 16). Mate the DE-9 connector on the back of the terminal block into the DE-9 connector on the Communications Panel of the UPS (see Figure 17). Use two screws from the spare parts kit to secure the terminal block bracket to the Communications Panel.

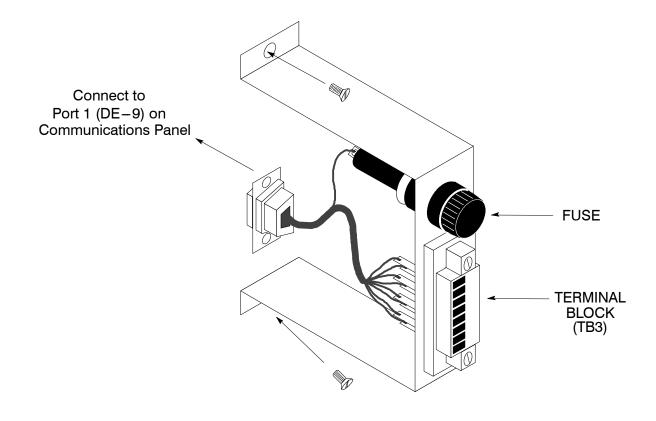


Figure 16. Terminal Block Bracket

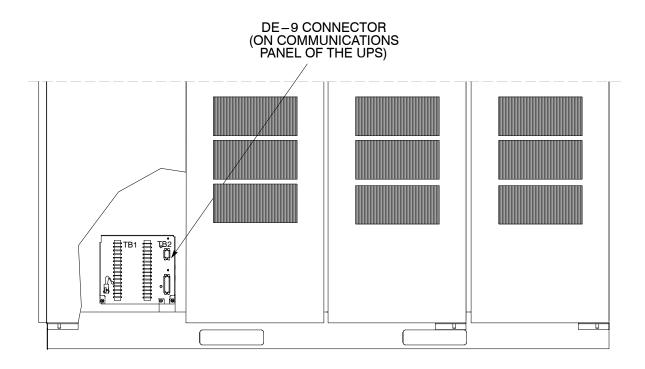


Figure 17. Wiring an RMP to the UPS

4. Connect RMP wiring to the terminal block using terminations shown in Table G.

Table H. RMP Wire Terminations					
From RMP A	To UPS	Remarks			
TB1-4	TB3-1	TAUCTED MUREC (4)			
TB1-5	TB3-2	TWISTED WIRES (4) 1-2 TURNS PER			
TB1-6	TB3-3	3 INCHES			
TB1-7	TB3-4				
From RMP B (if used)	To UPS	Remarks			
TB1-4	TB3-5	TAUCTED MUDEC (4)			
TB1-5	TB3-6	TWISTED WIRES (4) 1-2 TURNS PER			
TB1-6	TB3-7	3 INCHES			
TB1-7	TB3-8				

- **5.** To check the operation of the RMP, ensure that the UPS is supplying the load via inverter or bypass. If the indicators on the RMP show the appropriate status, then it is operating correctly.
 - If the communications link between the UPS and the RMP is not present, the RMP will self-test (all indicators flash and the horn beeps at one-second intervals). If this occurs, check all harness connectors and the fuse for proper seating. If all connections are secure but the RMP continues to self-test, replace the fuse with the spare included in the hardware kit. If this does not correct the problem, contact your local field service office for verification that the RMP is working correctly.
- **6.** To test the indicator lamps, press the horn silence button and hold it for 3 seconds. All lamps should light, and the horn will sound continuously until you release the button.
- 7. Repeat steps 1, 2, and 4 through 6 for each RMP you are installing.
- **8.** If you are installing an RIM or SCM in addition to an RMP, proceed to Chapter 10 or 11, respectively; otherwise, secure the UPS cabinet by reversing the steps contained in procedure "To Prepare the UPS for Wiring to an RMP, RIM, SCM, or Remote EPO" of Chapter 3.

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Installing a Relay Interface Module

The optional Relay Interface Module (RIM) uses relay contact closures to indicate the operating status and alarm condition of the UPS system. The module uses an RS422 serial interface line and may support up to eight critical loads. A maximum of two monitoring accessories (RMPs, RIMs, or SCMs) can be installed. Refer to Chapter 9, Table G for the number of accessories permitted. Figure 18 shows the RIM with its four 15-pin connectors labeled J1 through J4. Drawing 164201037—12 in Appendix A outlines the enclosure dimensions.

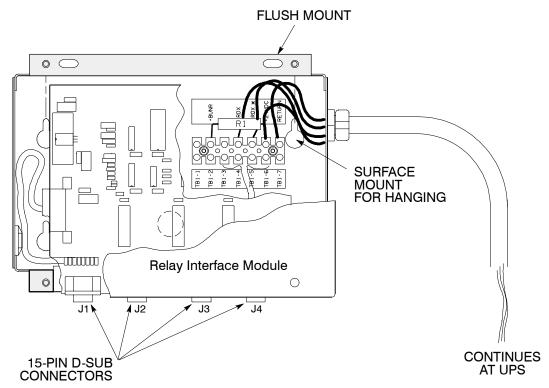


Figure 18. Relay Interface Module

To install an RIM:

- **1.** Securely mount the RIM.
- 2. Install wiring from the RIM using ½-in. conduit through the conduit entry plate in either the top or bottom of the UPS cabinet.
 - The top entry connection requires installation of ½-in. flexible conduit within the UPS. Bottom entry requires no additional routing of conduit within the UPS.
- 3. If not already installed, locate the RMP adapter cable assembly (see Figure 19) in the spare parts kit. Mate the DE-9 connector on the back of the terminal block into the DE-9 connector on the Communications Panel of the UPS (see Figure 20). Use two screws from the spare parts kit to secure the terminal block bracket to the Communications Panel.

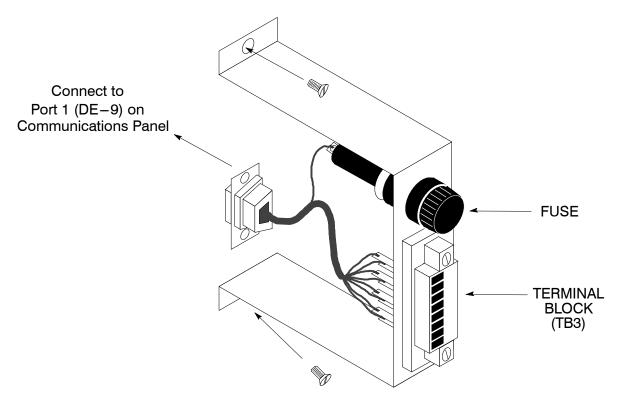


Figure 19. Terminal Block Bracket

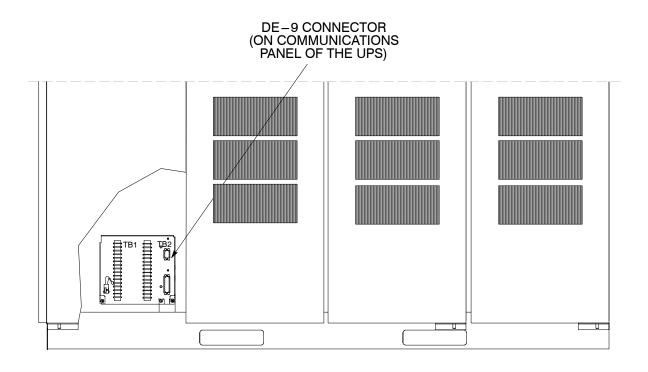


Figure 20. Wiring an RIM to the UPS

- **4.** Connect RIM wiring to the terminal block using the terminations shown in Table I.
- **5.** Contact your local field service office for verification and testing of the RIM and its connections prior to making connections with J1 J4.

You can order interface cables separately for connecting to the 15-Pin D-Sub Connectors.

- 6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 for each RIM you are installing.
- 7. If you are installing an RMP or SCM in addition to an RIM, proceed to Chapter 9 or 11, respectively; otherwise, secure the UPS cabinet by reversing the steps contained in procedure "To Prepare the UPS for Wiring to an RMP, RIM, SCM, or Remote EPO" of Chapter 3.

Table I. RIM Wire Terminations					
From RIM A	To UPS	Remarks			
TB1-4	TB3-1	TAMOTED MUDEO (4)			
TB1-5	TB3-2	TWISTED WIRES (4) 1-2 TURNS PER			
TB1-6	TB3-3	3 INCHES			
TB1-7	TB3-4				
From RIM B (if used)	To UPS	Remarks			
TB1-4	TB3-5	TAUGTED MUDEO (4)			
TB1-5	TB3-6	TWISTED WIRES (4) 1-2 TURNS PER			
TB1-6	TB3-7	3 INCHES			
TB1-7	TB3-8				

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Installing a Supervisory Contact Module

The optional Supervisory Contact Module (SCM) as shown in Figure21 provides contacts for monitoring UPS status. A maximum of two monitoring accessories (RMPs, RIMs, or SCMs) can be installed. Refer to Chapter 9, Table G for the number of accessories permitted. See Drawing 164201037–13 in Appendix A for enclosure dimensions, side views, and knockout patterns.

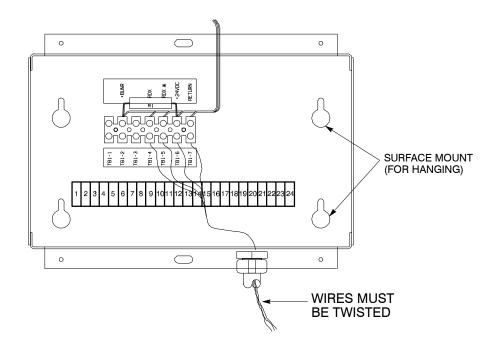


Figure 21. Supervisory Contact Module

To install a Supervisory Contact Module:

- 1. Securely mount the SCM.
- 2. Install wiring from the SCM using ½-in. conduit through the conduit entry plate in either the top or bottom of the UPS cabinet.

The top entry connection requires installation of ½-in. flexible conduit within the UPS. Bottom entry connection requires no additional routing of conduit within the UPS.

3. If not already installed, locate the RMP adapter cable assembly (see Figure 22) in the spare parts kit. Mate the DE-9 connector on the back of the terminal block into the DE-9 connector on the Communications Panel of the UPS (see Figure 23). Use two screws from the spare parts kit to secure the terminal block bracket to the Communications Panel.

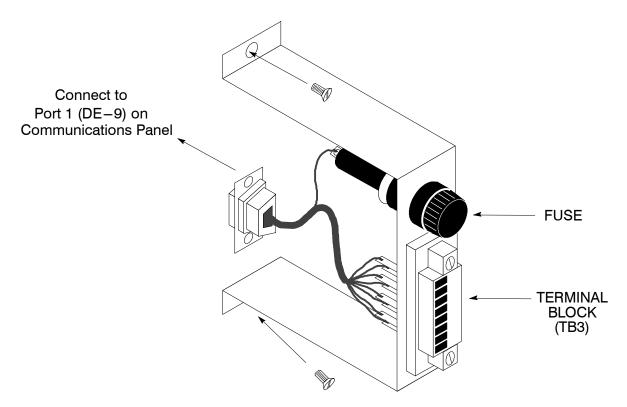


Figure 22. Terminal Block Bracket

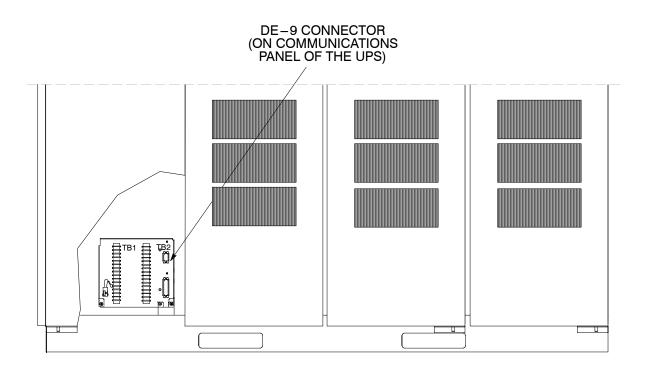
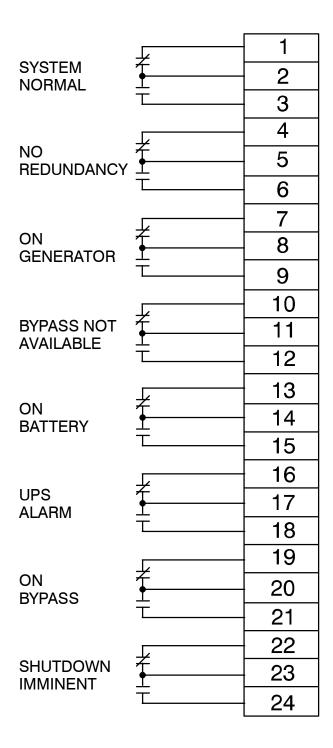


Figure 23. Wiring an SCM to the UPS

- **4.** Connect the SCM wiring to the terminal block using the terminations shown in Table J.
- **5.** Contact your local field service office for verification and testing of the SCM and its connections prior to making connections to terminal strip shown in Figure 24.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 for each SCM you are installing.
- 7. If you are installing an RMP or RIM in addition to an SCM, proceed to Chapter 9 or 10, respectively; otherwise, secure the UPS cabinet by reversing the steps contained in procedure "To Prepare the UPS for Wiring to an RMP, RIM, SCM, or Remote EPO" of Chapter 3.

Table J. Supervisory Contact Module Wire Terminations					
From SCM A	To UPS	Remarks			
TB1-4	TB3-1	TAUCTED MUDEC (4)			
TB1-5	TB3-2	TWISTED WIRES (4) 1-2 TURNS PER			
TB1-6	TB3-3	3 INCHES			
TB1-7	TB3-4				
From SCM B (if used)	To UPS	Remarks			
TB1-4	TB3-5	TAUGTED MUDEO (4)			
TB1-5	TB3-6	TWISTED WIRES (4) 1-2 TURNS PER			
TB1-6	TB3-7	3 INCHES			
TB1-7	TB3-8				



Note: Supervisory contacts are rated at 2.0 amps at 28 Vdc or 120 Vac and 0.15 amp at 115 Vdc.

Supervisory contacts require external power supply. Internal 24 Vdc is not capable of supplying contact current.

Figure 24. Supervisory Contact Module TB2

Appendix A - Customer Information

The information in this appendix will help you plan for and install your UPS system. This appendix contains the following drawings:

•	164201037-1	Installation Notes
•	164201037-2	Typical UPS System
•	164201037-3	UPS System Oneline Configurations
•	164201037-4	Oneline Drawings of UPS System
•	164201037-5	Location of UPS Power Terminals
•	164201037-6	UPS Cabinet
•	164201037-7	Transformer Cabinets
•	164201037-8	Power Distribution Module
•	164201037-9	Maintenance Bypass Module
•	164201037-10	Remote Emergency Power Off
•	164201037-11	Remote Monitor Panel
•	164201037-12	Relay Interface Module
•	164201037-13	Supervisory Contact Module

	Ratings	Units	Rating 60 Hz		
Basic unit rating at 0.8 lagging PF load		KVA KW	225 180		
		INPUT/OUTPUT VOLTAGE	208	480	
	AC Input to UPS Rectifier or Input Transformer (.95min.PF)	Amps with Filter	721	312	
40	3 Ø, 1 gnd	Amps without Filter	800	360	
AC INPUT Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea) with Filter	500 (3)	4/0 (2)		
	(number per v)	AWG or kcmil(ea) without Filter	500 (3)	300 (2)	
۸.	AC Input to Bypass	Amps	625	271	
AC Full Load Current 3 0, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	350 (3)	3/0 (2)		
	DC Input from Battery to UPS	VDC	480	480	
DC INPUT	(1) positive, (1) negative Minimum conductor size	Amps @ (1.8V/cell)	450	450	
(number per Ø)	(number per Ø)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	400 (2)	400 (2)	
AC	AC Output to Critical Load Full Load Current	Amps	625	271	
OUTPUT	3 Ø, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per Ø)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	350 (3)	3/0 (2)	

Read and understand the following notes while planning your installation:

- 1. Refer to national and local electrical codes for acceptable external wiring practices.
- 2. Material and labor for external wiring requirements are to be provided by designated personnel.
- 3. For external wiring, use 75° C copper wire. See the appropriate column in Table A.

NOTE: Callout letter **(a)**, **(b)**, **(c)**, and **(d)** map to drawing #164201037-3

DESCRIPTION:	INSTALLATIO	ом иот	ES	
DRAWING NO:	16420103	37-1		SHEET: 1 of 14
REVISION: D		DATE:	0415	500

	Ratings	Units		Ra	ting 60	Hz	
Basic unit rating at 0.8 lagging PF load		KVA KW	225 180		300 240		
		INPUT/OUTPUT VOLTAGE	480	600	208	480	600
	AC Input to UPS Rectifier or Input	Amps with Filter:					
	Transformer (0.95min.PF) 30, 1 Neutral, 1 and	Amps*	312	250	960	416	333
	Minimum conductor size (number per Ø)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	4/0(2)	500	500(4)	350(2)	250(2
AC INPUT		Amps without Filter:					
1141 01		Amps*	360	294	1100	480	392
	Minimum conductor size (number per Ø) *(Maximum amps includes full load current plus battery recharge current)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	300(2)	4/0(2)	500(4)	500(2)	300(2
	AC Input to UPS Rectifier from Input	Amps with Filter:					
	Transformer 30, 1 Neutral, 1 gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	Amps	N/A	N/A	416	N/A	N/A
AC	AC	AWG or kcmil(ea)	N/A	N/A	350(2)	N/A	N/A
INPUT		Amps without Filter:					
	B	Amps*	360	294	1100	480	392
	•	AWG or kcmil(ea)	300(2)	4/0(2)	500(4)	500(2)	300(2
AC	AC Input to UPS Bypass or Bypass Transformer	Amps	271	217	830	360	289
INPUT	Full Load Current 30, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	3/0(2)	350	500(3)	250(2)	4/0(2
AC	AC Input to UPS Bypass from Bypass Transformer	Amps	N/A	N/A	830	N/A	N/A
INPUT	Full Load Current 30, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	N/A	N/A	500(3)	N/A	N/A
	DC Input from Battery to UPS	VDC	480	480	480	480	480
DC INPUT (1) positive, (1) negative		Amps @ (1.8V/cell)	450	450	600	600	600
	Minimum conductor size (number per Ø)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	400(2)	400(2)	300(3)	300(3)	300(3
AC OUT-	AC Output to Output Transformer or Critical Load	Amps	271	217	360	360	289
PUT	Full Load Current 30, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	3/0(2)	350	250(2)	250(2)	4/0(2
AC OUT-	AC Output from Output Transformer to Critical Load	Amps	N/A	N/A	830	N/A	N/A
PUT	Full Load Current 30, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	N/A	N/A	500(3)	N/A	N/A

DESCRIPTION: INSTALLATION NOTES						
DRAWING NO:	16420103	7–1		SHEET: 2 of 14		
REVISION: D		DATE: 041500				

Read and understand the following notes while planning your installation:

- 1. Refer to national and local electrical codes for acceptable external wiring practices.
- 2. Material and labor for external wiring requirements are to be provided by designated personnel.
- 3. For external wiring, use 75°C copper wire. See the appropriate column in Table B.
- **4.** Wire ampacities are chosen from Table 310–16 of the NEC. Wire is 75°C specification.
- **5.** The 208V input isolation tranformer is intended for use with UPS units with input filter option only.
- **6.** The neutral conductor is considered to be a current-carrying conductor per note 10 of the Notes to Ampacity Table 310 of the NEC. If a neutral is used, the wire is derated by 80% per Note 8(a) of the Notes to Ampacity Table 310 assuming 4–6 conductors in a raceway. If there is no neutral, it is assumed that there is only 3 current carrying conductors in a raceway (one per phase).

DESCRIPTION: INSTALLATION NOTES					
DRAWING NO:	164201037-1 SHEET: 3 of 14				
REVISION: C		DATE:	1215	598	

Table C. Ratings & External Wiring Requirements for Powerware 9315 200, and 250 400 Volt Units					
	Ratings	Units	Rat	ting 50/60	Hz
Basic unit rati		Model	Plus 200	Plus	250
0.8 lagging P	F load	KVA KW	200 160	200 160	250 200
	AC Input to UPS Rectifier or Input Transformer (.95min.PF) 3 Ø, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size	Amps with Input Filter Amps w/o input Filter	317 360	317 360	397 467
40	(number per Ø)	AWG or kcmil(ea) with Input Filter	4/0 (2)	4/0 (2)	300 (2)
INPUT	AC INPUT	AWG or kcmil(ea) without Input Filter	300 (2)	300 (2)	400 (2)
	AC Input to Bypass Full Load Current 3 0, (1) Neutral,	Amps	290	290	360
	(1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	4/0 (2)	4/0 (2)	250 (2)
DC	DC Input from Battery to UPS (1) positive, (1) negative	VDC Amps @	420 457	420 457	420 571
INPUT	Minimum conductor size (number per 0)	(1.8V/cell) AWG or kcmil(ea)	400 (2)	400 (2)	300 (3)
AC	AC Output to Critical Load Full Load Current	Amps	290	290	360
OUTPUT	3 Ø, (1) Neutral, (1) gnd Minimum conductor size (number per Ø)	AWG or kcmil(ea)	4/0 (2)	4/0 (2)	250 (2)

You should read and understand these notes while planning your installation:

- 1. Refer to national and local electrical codes for acceptable external wiring practices.
- 2. Material and labor for external wiring requirements are to be provided by designated personnel.
- 3. For external wiring, use 75°C copper wire. See the appropriate column in Table C.

NOTE: Callout letter ♠, ♠, ♠, and ♠ map to drawing #164201037-3 400V = 380/400/415 Volt

DESCRIPTION:	INSTALLATIO	ON NO	TES	
DRAWING NO:	16420103	SHEET: 4 of 14		
REVISION: E		DATE:	041500)

- 1. A bypass neutral feeder must be supplied when the output neutral is used. If no bypass neutral is supplied, the output neutral is to be bonded to ground through a minimum 3/0 copper conducter.
- 2. External overcurrent protection is not provided by this product, but is required by codes. Refer to Tables A through E for wiring requirements. If an output lockable disconnect is required, it is to be supplied by designated personnel.
- **3.** When an input transformer is present, the rectifier and bypass inputs may both be supplied by the same source.
- **4.** Non-linear loads can create neutral currents that are greater than 100%. This product can accommodate double-sized neutral terminations if needed.
- **5.** Terminals E1 through E12 and E22 through E29 are UL and CSA rated at 90°C. A hex key tool is required to attach wires to terminals. Refer to Table D and E for power cable terminations and conduit requirements. Drawing 164201037–4 shows the location of the power cable terminals inside the UPS cabinet. Refer to Chapter 5 in this manual for location of the power cable terminals inside the transformer cabinets.

Table D. U	PS Cabir	net Power (Cable Terminations	and Cond	uit Requir	rements	
				Tightening	•	Number Wires	Min. Conduit
Terminal Function	Terminal	Function	Size of Pressure Termination	Torque N-M (lb-in)	Int Hex Size (In.)	in Conduit	Trade Size
Internal Wiring to UPS Rectifier	E1	Phase A	2 - #3/0-250 kcmil	31.1 (275)	3/8	3	
(CB1 Input - Powerware 9315-225)	E2	Phase B	2 – #3/0–250 kcmil	31.1 (275)	3/8	3	4 in.
	E3	Phase C	2 – #3/0–250 kcmil	31.1 (275)	3/8	3	
Internal Wiring to	E1	Phase A	2 - 250-500 kcmil	31.1 (275)	3/8	3	
UPS Rectifier (CB1 Input -	E2	Phase B	2 - 250-500 kcmil	31.1 (275)	3/8	3	4 in.
Powerware 9315-300)	E3	Phase C	2 - 250-500 kcmil	31.1 (275)	3/8	3	
AC Input to Bypass	E6	Phase A	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
	E7	Phase B	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
	E8	Phase C	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
AC Output to	E9	Phase A	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
Output Transformer or Critical Load	E10	Phase B	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
or Critical Load	E11	Phase C	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
DC Input from	E4	Battery (+)	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Battery to UPS	E5	Battery (-)	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	S II I.
Neutral, Output	E12	Neutral	12 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	2 in.
Customer Ground	Ground	Ground	8 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	1	2 in.

NOTE: Customer ground, size 2/0, can berun in any conduit listed in Table D and E.

DESCRIPTION:	DESCRIPTION: INSTALLATION NOTES				
DRAWING NO:	164201037-1		SHEET:	5 of 14	
REVISION: C	DATE: 12159		8		

Table E. Trans	sformer C	Cabinet Po	wer Cable Terminat	ions and Co	onduit Re		
Terminal Function	Terminal	Function	Size of Pressure Termination	Tightening Torque N-M (lb-in)	Int Hex Size (In.)	Number Wires in Conduit	Min. Conduit Trade Size
AC Input to	E23	Phase A	3 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Input Isolation Transformer	E24	Phase B	3 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
480/480 (as applicable)	E25	Phase C	3 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Output from Input Isolation	E26	Phase A	3 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Transformer Transformer	E27	Phase B	3 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
480/480 (as applicable)	E28	Phase C	3 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Input to Input Isolation	E23	Phase A	3 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Transformer	E24	Phase B	3 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
600/480 (as applicable)	E25	Phase C	3 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Output from Input Isolation	E26	Phase A	3 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Transformer	E27	Phase B	3 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
600/480 (as applicable)	E28	Phase C	3 – #2–600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Input to	E23	Phase A	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Input Isolation	E24	Phase B	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Transformer 208/480	E25	Phase C	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
(as applicable)	E22	Neutral	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Output from	E26	Phase A	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Input Isolation	E27	Phase B	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Transformer 208/480	E28	Phase C	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
(as applicable)	E29	Neutral	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Input to Output	E23	Phase A	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Auto Transformer	E24	Phase B	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
(480/208) (as applicable)	E25	Phase C	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
(as applicable)	E22	Neutral	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500	1/2	3	3 in.
AC Output from	E26	Phase A	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Output Auto	E27	Phase B	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
Transformer (480/208)	E28	Phase C	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500)	1/2	3	3 in.
(as applicable)	E29	Neutral	4 - #2-600 kcmil	56.5 (500	1/2	3	3 in.

NOTE: Customer ground, size 2/0, can be run in any conduit listed in Table D.

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- 1. In the UPS system, each battery cabinet, PDM cabinet, and the input transformer cabinet are crated separately for shipping.
- **2.** Do not tilt cabinets more than $\pm 10^{\circ}$ during handling.
- **3.** Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- **4.** If perforated floor tiles are required for ventilation, you should place them in front of the UPS. Table F lists the ventilation requirements for full load operation:

Table F. Air Conditioning or Ventilation Requirements During Full Load Operation					
Ratings	Input/Output Voltage	Heat Rejection* BTU/hr $ imes$ 1000/hr (Kg-cal/hr)			
Powerwar	e 9315 200				
200 KVA	400/400	47.8 (12.5)			
Powerwar	e 9315 225				
225 KVA	480/208, 480/480	53.7 (13.5)			
Powerwar	e 9315 250				
200 KVA	400/400	47.8 (12.5)			
250 KVA	400/400	59.7 (15.0)			
Powerwar	Powerware 9315 300				
005 10/4	480/480	53.7 (13.5)			
225 KVA	600/600	61.7 (15.5)			
	208/208	82.4 (20.8)			
300 KVA	480/480	71.7 (18.1)			
,	600/600	82.4 (20.8)			

^{*15%} higher heat rejection required with optional input transformer.

- **5.** Recommended minimum clearance over the UPS module is 304.8 mm (12 in.). Required for cooling air exhaust: approximately 1420 liter/sec (3000 cfm).
- **6.** Battery voltage is computed at 2 volts per cell as defined by Article 480 of the NEC. Rated battery current is computed at 1.8 volts per cell.
- 7. The battery wiring used between the battery and the UPS should not allow a voltage drop of more than 1% of nominal DC voltage at rated battery current.
- **8.** A battery disconnect switch is recommended, and may be required by NEC or local codes when batteries are remotely located. The battery disconnect switch may be supplied as an accessory, and should be installed between battery and UPS.
- **9.** If the conductors used for DC input from the battery cabinet(s) to the UPS are those provided by the UPS manufacturer, and the UPS and battery cabinet are manufactured by the same supplier, then it is acceptable if they do not meet the noted minimum conductor sizes.

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1. Table G lists the maximum rating for input circuit breakers.

Table G. Maximum Input Circuit Breaker Ratings				
Device minera Cristera		Input Volta	ige Rating	
Powerware System	208V	400V	480V	600V
Powerware 9315 200	N/A	450	N/A	N/A
Powerware 9315 225	1000	N/A	450	N/A
Powerware 9315 250	N/A	600	N/A	N/A
Powerware 9315 300	1600	N/A	600	500

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of fire, connect only to a circuit provided with maximum input circuit breaker current ratings from Table G in accordance with the National Electrical code, ANSI/NFPA 70.

- **2.** Source protection for the optional input transformer should be treated as if you were supplying a three phase transformer, to allow for transformer magnetization inrush current.
- **3.** Source protection for the AC input should be treated as if you were supplying a three phase transformer, to allow for filter inrush current.
- **4.** Source protection for the input to the bypass section should be treated as if you were supplying a 500 kVA three phase transformer, to allow for transformer magnetization inrush current.
- 5. The input breaker (CB1) has a trip rating of 400 amps AT and an Amp Interrupting Capability (AIC) of 25,000 in symmetrical RMS amps for the Powerware 9315 225 and a trip rating of 600 amps AT and an Amp Interrupting Capability (AIC) of 50,000 in symmetrical RMS amps for the Powerware 9315 300. See Table H:

Table H. Equivalent Transformer Size for Determining Inrush		
Optional Input Transformer	500 kVA	

- **6.** The input and bypass three phase feeds should be symmetrical about ground, due to the existence of voltage surge protection devices.
- 7. The line-to-line unbalanced output capability of the UPS is limited only by the full load per phase current values for AC output to critical load shown in Tables A through C. The recommended line-to-line load unbalance is 50% or less.
- **8.** Output overcurrent protection and output disconnect switch are to be provided by the user. Table I lists the maximum rating for output circuit breakers satisfying the criteria for both.

Table I. Maximum Output Circuit Breaker Ratings				
Powerware System		Output Volt	age Rating	
	208V	400V	480V	600V
Powerware 9315 200	N/A	400	N/A	N/A
Powerware 9315 225	800	N/A	350	N/A
Powerware 9315 250	N/A	450	N/A	N/A
Powerware 9315 300	1000	N/A	450	400

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- **1.** Your UPS equipment's operating environment must meet the size and weight requirements shown in Table J, according to your UPS system configuration:
- **2.** The basic environmental requirements for operation of the UPS system are:

Ambient Temperature Range: 0-40° C (32-104° F)

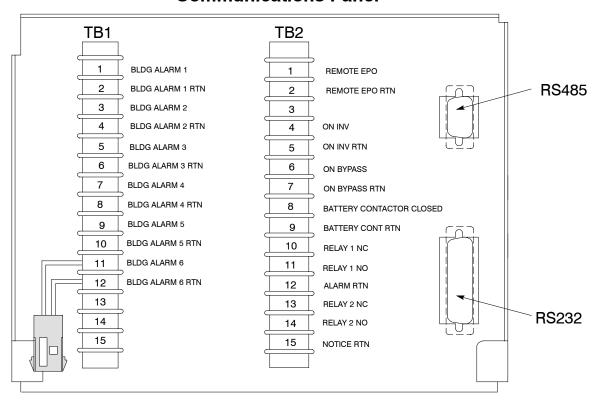
Recommended Operating Range: 20-25° C (68-77° F)

Maximum Relative Humidity: 95%

Table J. Equipment Weight and Point Loading				
Component	Weight Kg (lb)	Point Loading Kg (lb)		
UPS Cabinet (Powerware 9315 225)	1752 (3863)	N/A		
(480/208 & 480/480 Systems)	1729 (3812)	N/A		
UPS Cabinet (Powerware 9315 300) (600/600 & 480/480 Systems)	1895 (4177)	N/A		
UPS Cabinet (Powerware 9315 200) (400/400 Systems)	1729 (3812)	N/A		
UPS Cabinet (Powerware 9315 250) (400/400 Systems)	1895 (4177)	N/A		
Input Transformer Cabinet (480/480, 600/480) (maximum)	1134 (2500)	4 at 284 (625)		
Input Transformer Cabinet (208/480) (maximum)	1860(4100)	4 at 465 (1025)		
Output Transformer Cabinet (480/208) (maximum)	1860(4100)	4 at 465 (1025)		
PDM Cabinet	226 (500)	4 at 57 (125)		
Battery Cabinets:				
Series 1085-J27	1429 (3150)	8 at 179 (394)		
Series 1085-J31	1588 (3500)	8 at 199 (438)		
Series 1085-J37	1708 (3765)	8 at 214 (471)		
Series 1085-J47	2178 (4800)	8 at 272 (600)		

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Communications Panel



NOTE: All building alarm inputs or remote features require an isolated normally open contact or switch (rated at 24 VDC, 20 mA minimum) connected between the alarm input and common terminal as shown. All control wiring and relay and switch contacts are customer provided.

NOTE: Regardless of assignment, alarms display as Building Alarm 1, Building Alarm 2, etc., on Monitor Panel. Use twisted pair wires for each alarm input and common.

DESCRIPTION:	INSTALLATIO	ON NO	TES	
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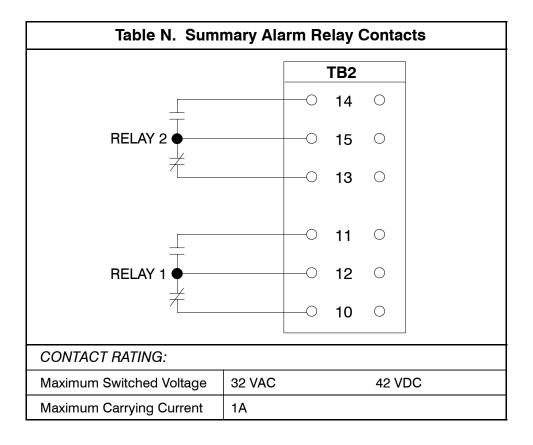
	Table K. Communications Panel Inputs and Outputs							
TB1 Pin #	Name	Description						
1	BLDG ALARM 1	Programmable UPS alarm. Activated by a remote						
2	BLDG ALARM 1 RTN	contact closure.						
3	BLDG ALARM 2	Programmable UPS alarm. Activated by a remote						
4	BLDG ALARM 2 RTN	contact closure.						
5	BLDG ALARM 3	Programmable UPS alarm. Activated by a remote						
6	BLDG ALARM 3 RTN	contact closure.						
7	BLDG ALARM 4	Programmable UPS alarm. Activated by a remote						
8	BLDG ALARM 4 RTN	contact closure.						
9	BLDG ALARM 5	Programmable UPS alarm. Activated by a remote						
10	BLDG ALARM 5 RTN	contact closure.						
11	BLDG ALARM 6	Programmable UPS alarm. Activated by a remote						
12	BLDG ALARM 6 RTN	contact closure.						

	Table L. Communications Panel Inputs and Outputs							
TB2 Pin #	Name	Description						
1	REMOTE EPO	Contests weed to estimate warrate FDO of UDO						
2	REMOTE EPO RTN	Contacts used to activate remote EPO of UPS.						
3								
4	ON INV	Contests wood to indicate On Inventor status of LIDC						
5	ON INV RTN	Contacts used to indicate On Inverter status of UPS.						
6	ON BYPASS	Contests would be indicate On Duncon status of LIDO						
7	ON BYPASS RTN	Contacts used to indicate On Bypass status of UPS.						
8	BATTERY CONTACTOR CLOSED	Contacts used to indicate UPS Battery Contactor is						
9	BATTERY CONT RTN	closed.						
10	RELAY 1 NC							
11	RELAY 1 NO	General purpose NO and NC relay contacts.						
12	ALARM RTN							
13	RELAY 2 NC							
14	RELAY 2 NO	General purpose NO and NC relay contacts.						
15	NOTICE RTN							

DESCRIPTION: INSTALLATION NOTES						
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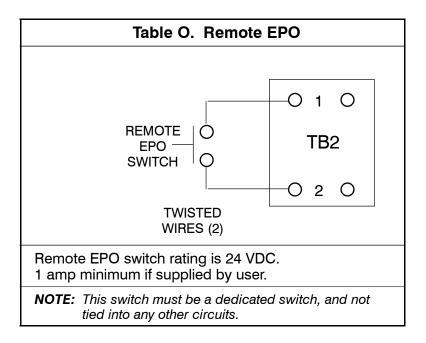
- 1. Use Class 1 wiring methods (as defined by the NEC) for control wiring. Install the control wiring in separate conduit from the power wiring. The wire should be rated at 24 volts, 1 amp minimum.
- 2. Refer to Tables M, N, and O, and to applicable chapters for information about installing control wiring for options and accessories.

Table M. Control Wiring Terminations								
Terminal	Terminal Description Terminal Function							
TB1	TB1 Terminal Block Building Alarms (optional, up to 6)							
Generator Interface								
TB1	Terminal Block Remote EPO							
TB2 "On Inverter" Monitoring								
TB2		"On Bypass" Monitoring						
	Summary Alarm & Notice Contacts							



DESCRIPTION: INSTALLATION NOTES							
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3. The Remote EPO feature opens all breakers and contactors in the UPS cabinet and isolates power from your critical load. Local electrical codes may also require tripping upstream protective devices to the UPS.

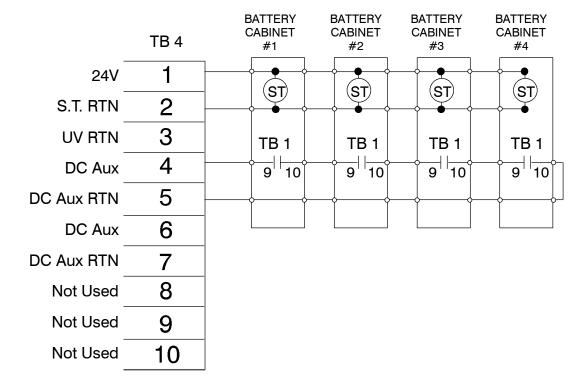


DESCRIPTION:	INSTALLATIO	ON NOTES			
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1. Table P lists the battery shunt trip and UV trip wiring requirements.

Table P. Battery Shunt Trip or UV Trip Wiring Requirements							
ST UV							
TB4 Points	1, 2	1, 3					
Output Max Pulse	220 VA instantaneous	40 VA					
Wiring	#12-22AWG	#12-22AWG					

- 2. There is no DC disconnect device within the UPS.
- 3. The DC input to the UPS is protected by internal fuses F21 and F22.
- **4.** The UPS DC disconnect trip signal from TB4, points 1 and 2 (shunt trip) or TB4, points 1 and 3 (UV trip) must be connected to the DC source disconnect device(s).
- 5. Recommended wire size is 14 AWG.



NOTE: For other than Powerware battery cabinets that use UV trip coils, connect to TB4 Pin 3 instead of TB4 Pin 2.

DESCRIPTION:	INSTALLATIO	ои ио	TES	
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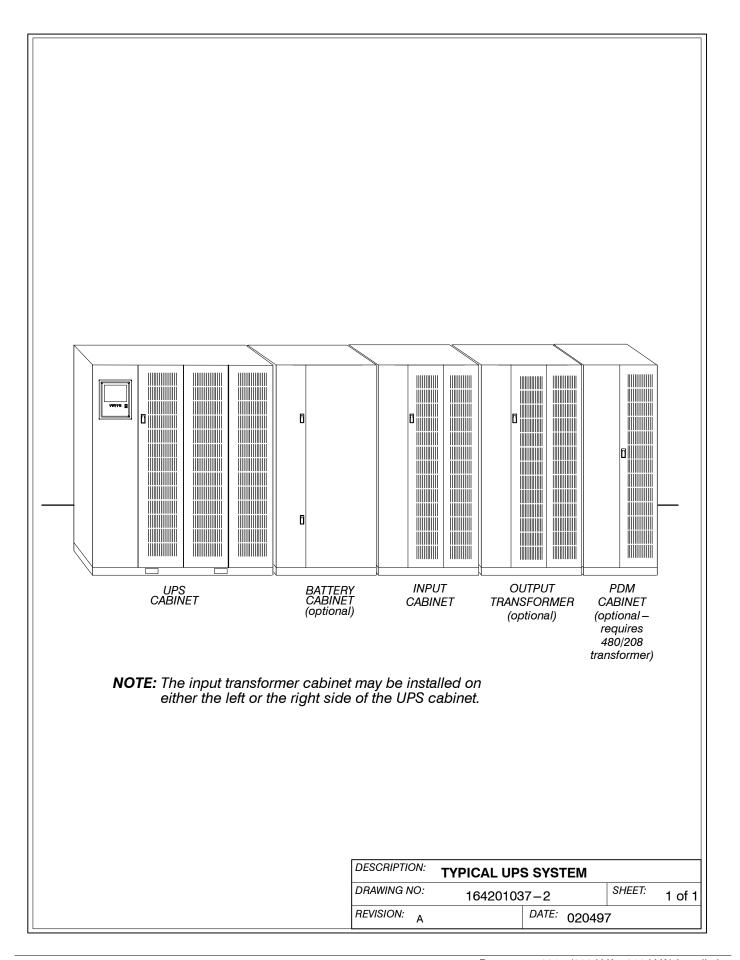
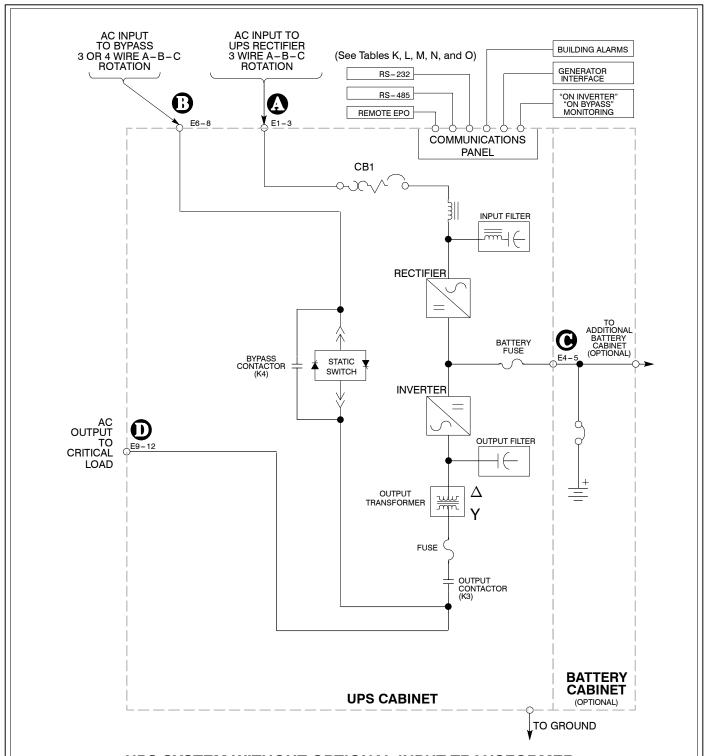


	Table Q. UPS System Oneline Configurations								
Oneline Drawing 164201037-4	Powerware 9315	Vin / Vout	Input Transformer	Output Transformer					
Sheet 1	225	480/208	N/A	N/A					
Sheet 1	225, 300	480/480	N/A	N/A					
Sheet 1	200, 250	400/400	N/A	N/A					
Sheet 2	225, 300	480/480	Isolation (Delta in, Delta out)	N/A					
Sheet 2	225, 300	600/600	Isolation (Delta in, Delta out)	N/A					
Sheet 2	225	208/208	Isolation (Delta in, Delta out)	N/A					
Sheet 3	300 (Single Feed)	208/208	Isolation (Wye in, Wye out)	Auto					
Sheet 4	300 (Dual Feed)	208/208	Isolation (Wye in, Wye out)	Auto					

DESCRIPTION: UPS SYSTEM ONELINE CONFIGURATIONS						
DRAWING NO:	164201037-3 SHEET: 1 OF 1					
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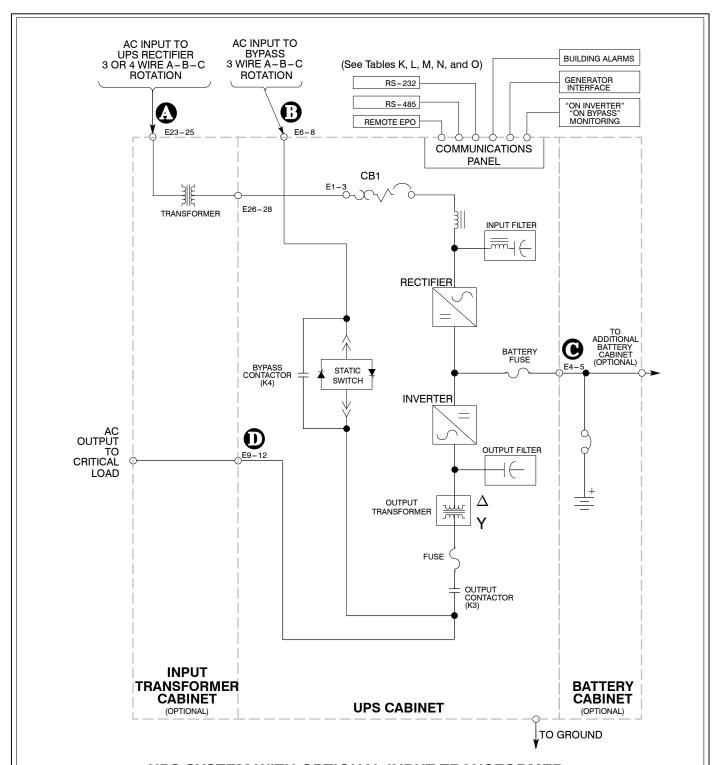


UPS SYSTEM WITHOUT OPTIONAL INPUT TRANSFORMER

NOTE 1: A bypass neutral feeder must be supplied when the output neutral is used. If no bypass neutral is supplied, the output neutral is to be bonded to ground through a minimum 3/0 copper conducter.

NOTE 2: See Figure 164201037 – 3 to determine when an input transformer is required.

DESCRIPTION:	ONELINE DR	AWING	S OF U	JPS SY	STEM
DRAWING NO:	164201037-	-4		SHEET:	1 of 4
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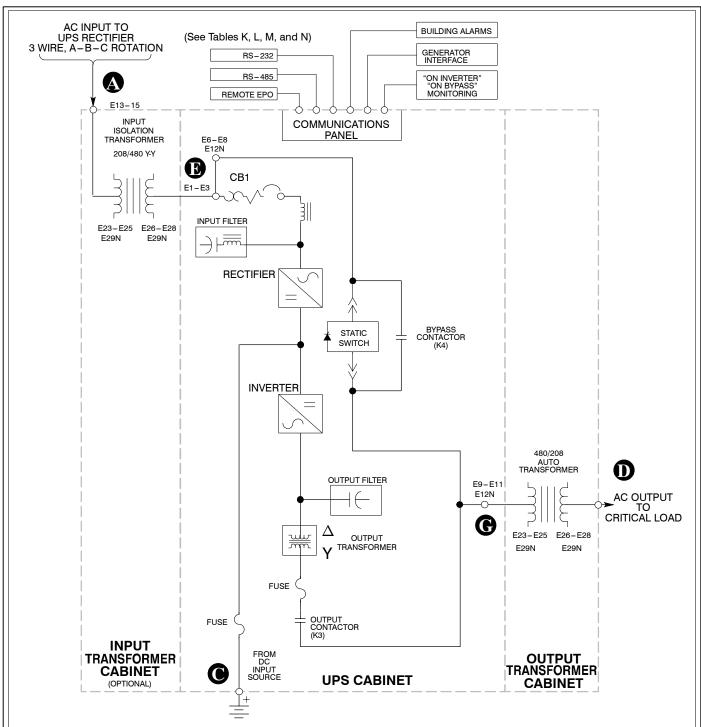


UPS SYSTEM WITH OPTIONAL INPUT TRANSFORMER

NOTE 1: A bypass neutral feeder must be supplied when the output neutral is used. If no bypass neutral is supplied, the output neutral is to be bonded to ground through a minimum 3/0 copper conducter.

NOTE 2: See Figure 164201037 – 3 to determine when an input transformer is required.

DESCRIPTION:	ONELINE DRAWINGS OF UPS SYSTEM					
DRAWING NO:	164201037-4			SHEET:	2 of 4	
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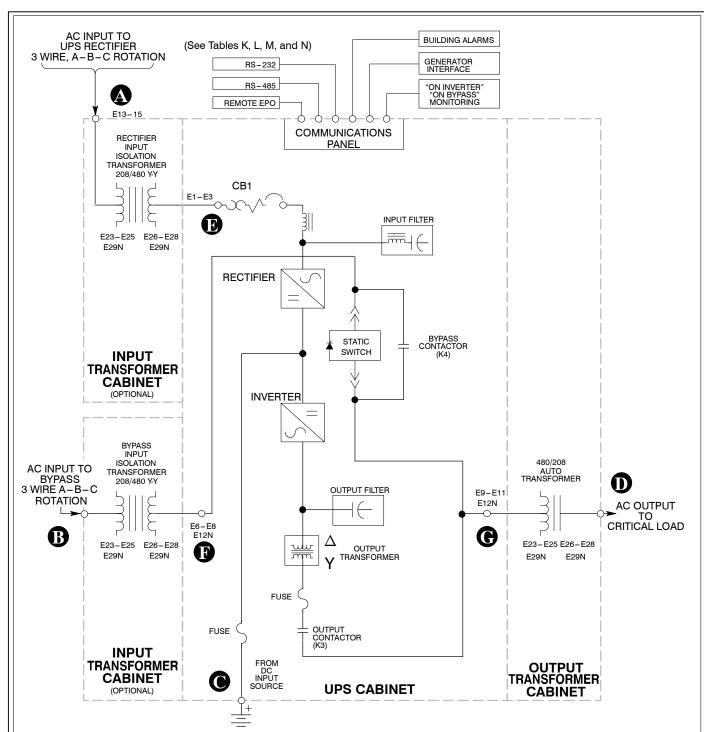


UPS SYSTEM WITH OPTIONAL INPUT ISOLATION TRANSFORMER AND OUTPUT AUTO TRANSFORMER (208V INPUT SINGLE FEED)

NOTE 1: A bypass neutral feeder must be supplied when the output neutral is used. If no bypass neutral is supplied, the output neutral is to be bonded to ground through a minimum 3/0 copper conducter.

NOTE 2: See Figure 164201037—3 to determine when an input transformer is required.

DESCRIPTION:	ONELINE DRAV	WINGS OF U	JPS SY	STEM	
DRAWING NO:	164201037-4	SHEET:	3 of 4		
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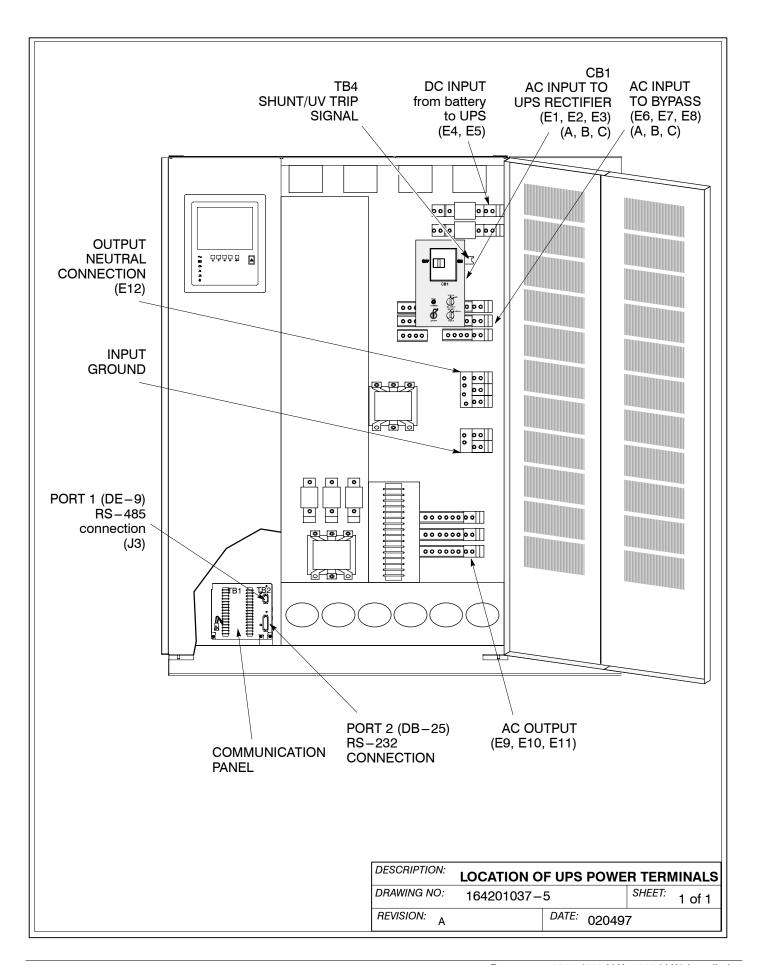


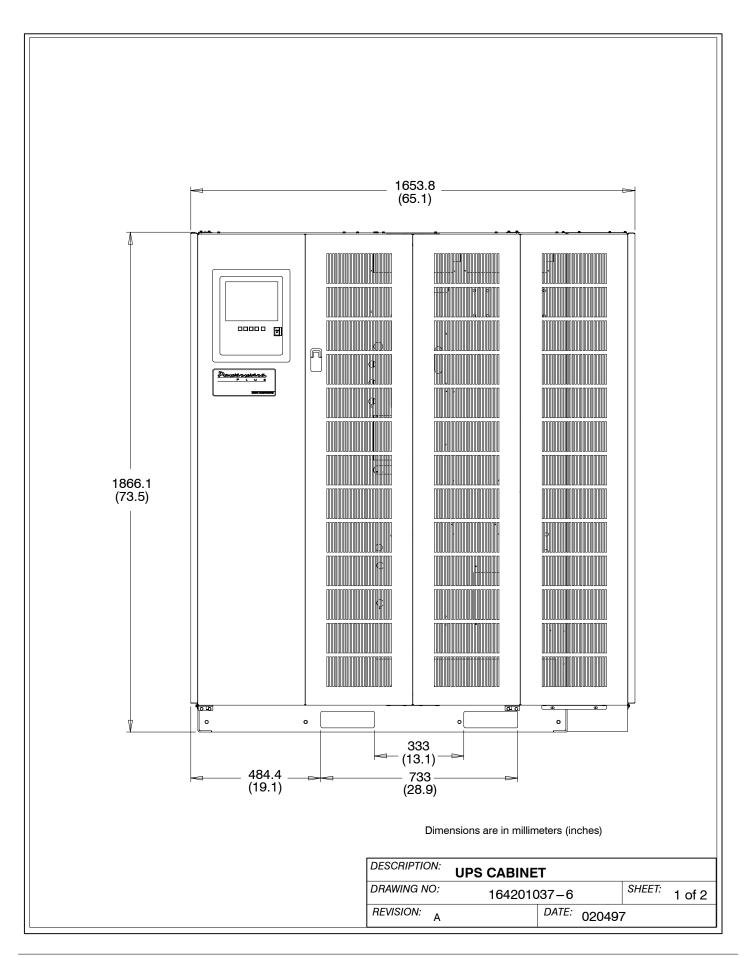
UPS SYSTEM WITH OPTIONAL RECTIFIER AND BYPASS INPUT ISOLATION TRANSFORMER AND OUTPUT AUTO TRANSFORMER (208V INPUT DUAL FEED)

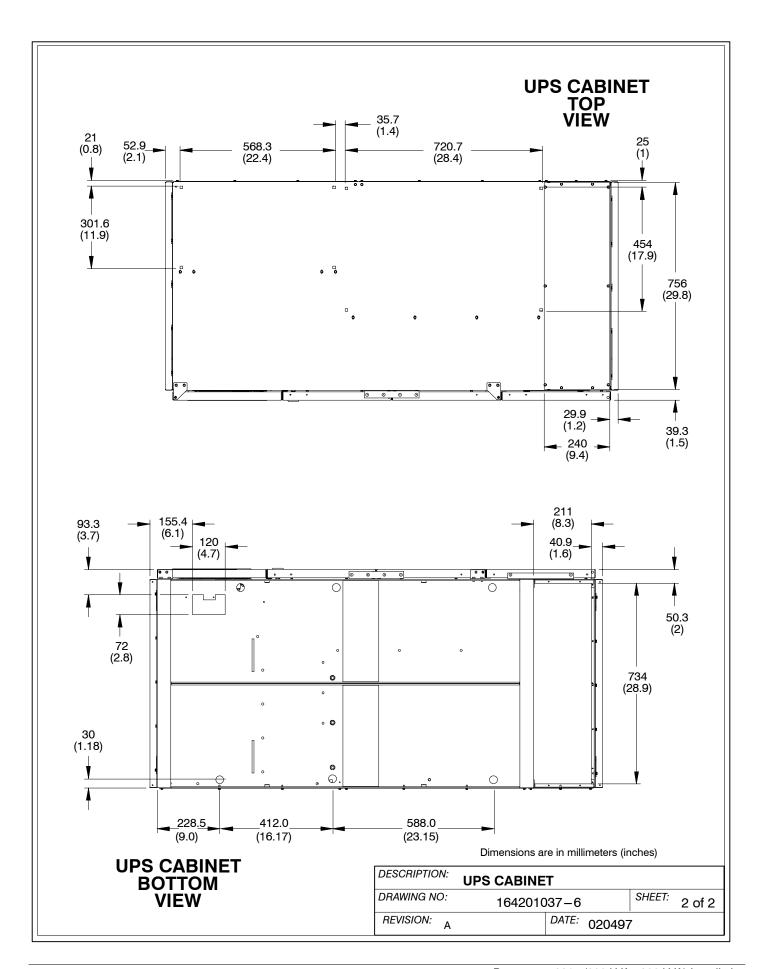
NOTE 1: A bypass neutral feeder must be supplied when the output neutral is used. If no bypass neutral is supplied, the output neutral is to be bonded to ground through a minimum 3/0 copper conducter.

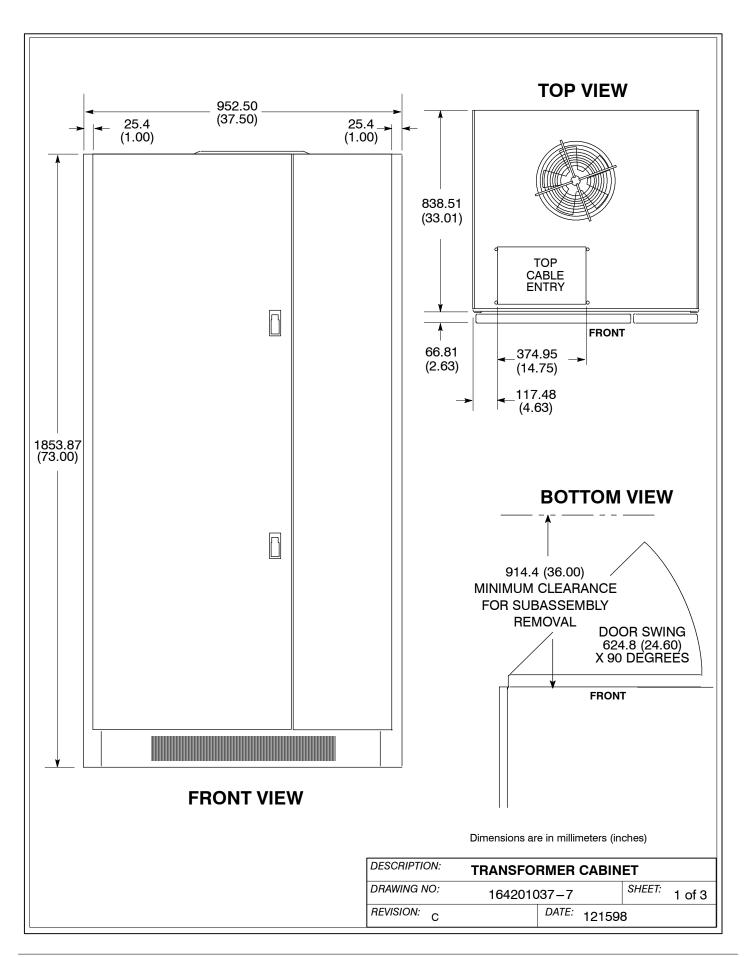
NOTE 2: See Figure 164201037 – 3 to determine when an input transformer is required.

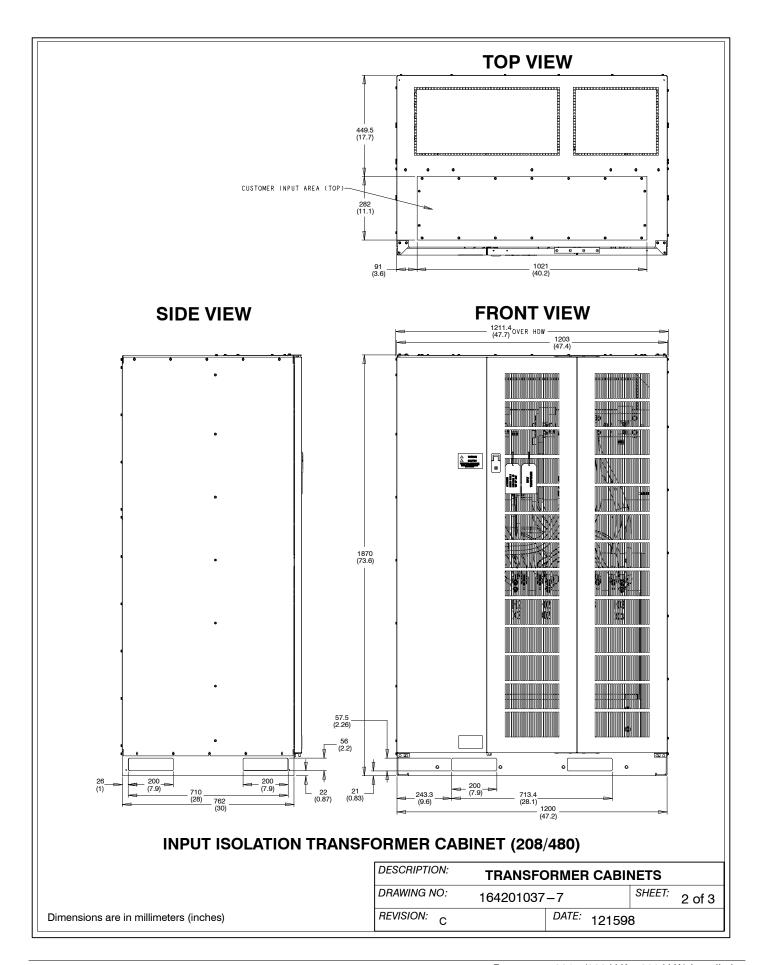
DESCRIPTION:	ONELINE DRAWINGS OF UPS SYSTEM				
DRAWING NO:	164201037-	-4		SHEET:	4 of 4
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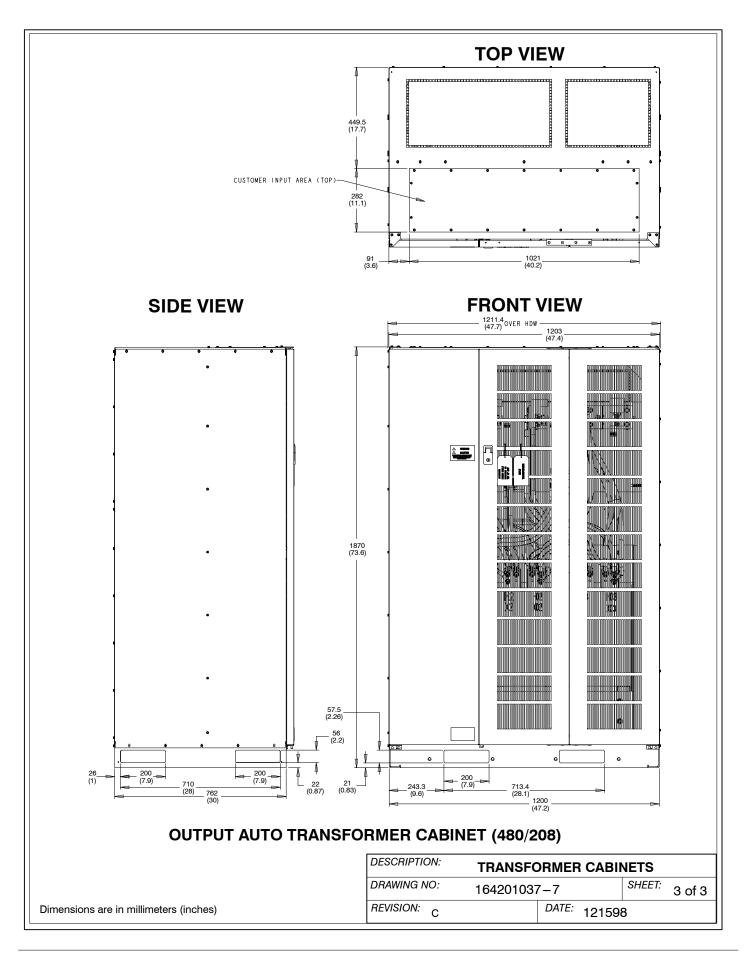


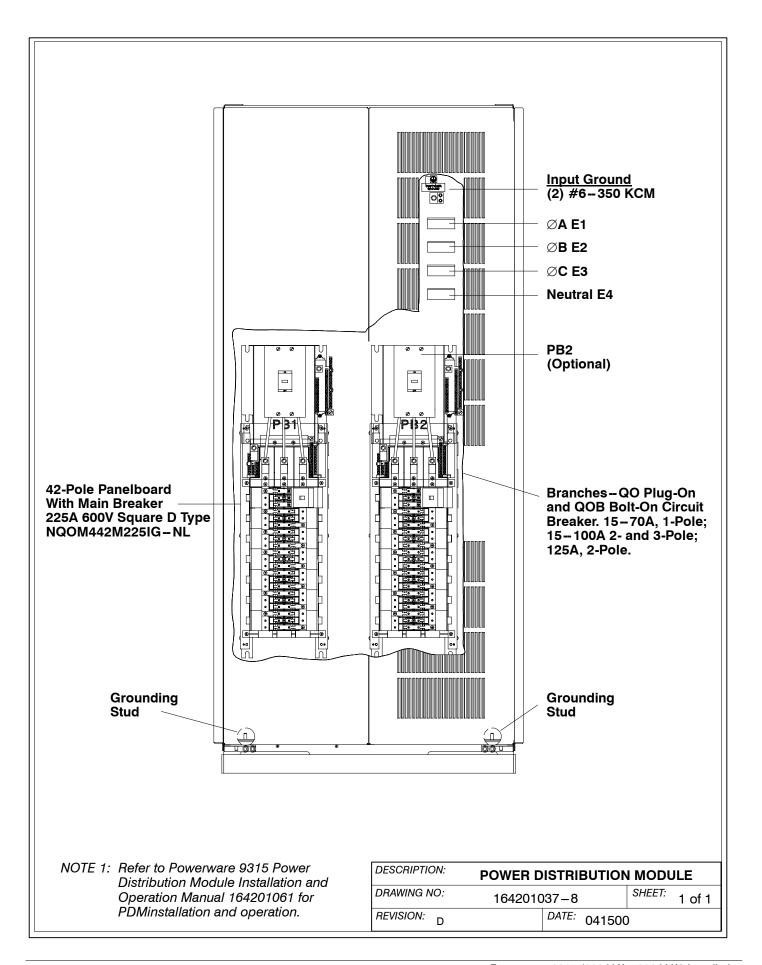


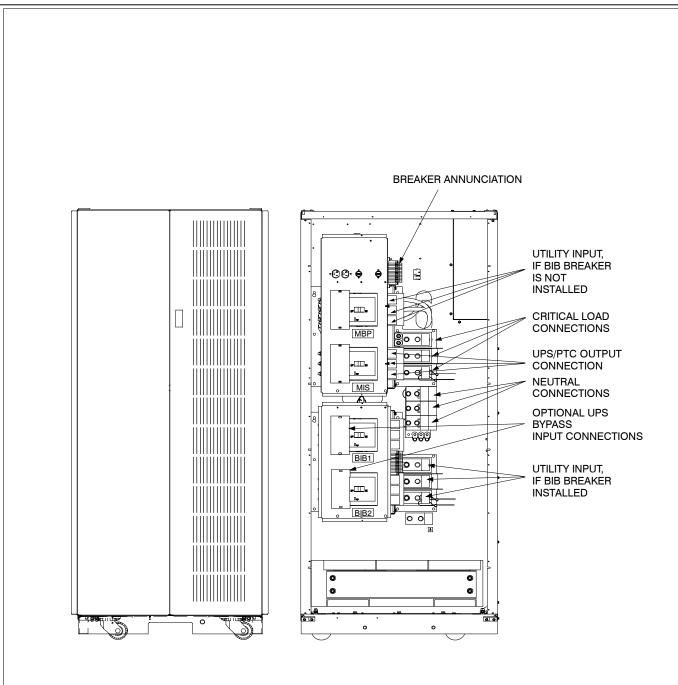












NOTE 1: Refer to Powerware 9315 Maintenance Bypass Module (MBM) Installation and Operation Manual 164201233 for MBM installation and operation.

DESCRIPTION:	MAINTENANCE BYPASS MODULE			
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